Republic of the Philippines

Department of Education

18 OCT 2019

 $\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{DepEd} & \mathsf{O} & \mathsf{R} \; \mathsf{D} \; \mathsf{E} \; \mathsf{R} \\ \mathsf{No.} & \mathbf{030} & \mathsf{s.} & \mathsf{2019} \end{array}$

THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION MANUAL OF STYLE

To: Undersecretaries

Assistant Secretaries

Bureau and Service Directors

Minister, Basic, Higher, and Technical Education, BARMM

Regional Directors

Schools Division Superintendents

Public Elementary and Secondary School Heads

Chiefs of Divisions All Others Concerned

- The Department of Education (DepEd) has developed the DepEd Manual of Style (DMOS), 2018 Edition. This Manual prescribes the latest language style, format, and usage based on The Chicago Manual of Style, 17th Edition and integrates DepEd House Style, which includes common usage within the Department.
- DepEd aims to inculcate a culture of excellence in its delivery of quality, accessible, relevant and liberating education for the Filipino learners. To achieve this, all the officials and personnel from the central down to the regional, schools division, and school levels are encouraged to actively take part in promoting the use of DMOS. This will not only establish DepEd credibility, but also institute and convey a unified DepEd identity to its partners and stakeholders, and the public.
- The Manual, containing set of rules of standards, shall serve as reference for DepEd personnel involved in styling and formatting DepEd issuances and other official documents to ensure clarity; completeness of information; conciseness; and consistency in spelling, grammar, punctuation, hyphenation, capitalization, typeface, and abbreviation, among other rules. It aims to guide them develop official documents for communication and publication of the Department's strategic priorities. It shall assist them in facilitating the processes, mechanisms, and procedures in formulating easy-to-understand official issuances; and strengthen the communication channels of field offices to facilitate the flow of information and expand linkages with other government units for effective governance
- 4. The Manual is provided in Enclosure No. 1, and Enclosure No. 2 contains the Guidelines on the Use of DMOS.
- DepEd, through the Publications Division of the Public Affairs Service, shall conduct the National Orientation and Workshop on the Use of the Department of Education Manual of Style for personnel designated as Regional Information Officers (RIOs), Division Information Officers (DIOs), and other personnel involved in the preparation of official documents in their workplaces.
- The monitoring and evaluation activities shall be encouraged in all DepEd offices 6. from the central, regional and schools division, schools district offices. PAS-PD shall update the DMOS 2018 Edition based on the results of continuous monitoring and evaluation. As grammar rules evolve, DMOS shall also be revised for continuous improvement within five years of its use, or as needed.

- 7. All DepEd Orders and related issuances, rules and regulations, which are inconsistent with the enclosed guidelines, are repealed, rescinded, or modified accordingly.
- 8. The adoption and use of the DMOS shall take effect upon its approval.
- 9. For more information, please contact the **Public Affairs Service-Publications Division**, Ground Floor, Aguinaldo Building, Department of Education Central Office, DepEd Complex, Meralco Avenue, Pasig City through email at pas.pd@deped.gov.ph or at telephone no. (02) 8633-9341.
- 10. Immediate dissemination of and strict compliance with this Order is directed.

LEONOR MAGTOLIS BRIONES
Secretary

Encls.:

As stated

References:

DepEd Order: Nos. 13, s. 2015 and 36, s. 2013 Office Order dated December 18, 2002

To be indicated in the Perpetual Index under the following subjects:

BUREAUS AND OFFICES
COMMUNICATIONS
LANGUAGE
MANUAL
MONITORING AND EVALUATION
POLICY
PUBLICATIONS
RULES AND REGULATIONS

SMMA, <u>DO The DMOS</u> 0259 - April 9/May 11/23/August 8/19/September 19/23/Oct. 4/14, 2019

(Enclosure No. 1 to DepEd Order No. 30, s. 2019)



DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

MANUAL OF STYLE

2018 Edition

Public Affairs Service-Publications Division



DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

MANUAL OF STYLE

2018 Edition

Public Affairs Service-Publications Division

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Message from the Secretary



I am honored and pleased to present the Department of Education (DepEd) Manual of Style (DMOS)—another milestone in our pursuit of excellence in the workplace.

Similar with the DepEd Service Marks and Visual Identity Manual, DMOS was a product of years of research, consultation, organization and validation spearheaded by the Public Affairs Service-Publications Division (PAS-PD). It sets the standards—from grammar, punctuation, and formats, to language use, organizational terms, and references—in all communication materials of the Department.

While DMOS was largely based on the *Chicago Manual of Style*, which has been the prescribed manual for most publishing

institutions that use American English, it also integrated the DepEd House Style that includes common usage within the Department or unique decisions made for specific and practical purposes.

As I have reiterated in the past, the world is continuously changing. The same is true with the evolving and developing rules of communication. As such, this manual will be updated as the need arises.

Because we aim to inculcate a culture of excellence in our delivery of quality, accessible, relevant and liberating basic education for the Filipino learners, I call on everyone—from the central down to the regional, division, and school levels—to actively take part in promoting the use of DMOS. This will not only establish our identity and credibility to our partners and stakeholders; it will likewise institute and convey a unified DepEd identity.

LEONOR MAGTOLIS BRIONES

Secretary

Foreword

This 2018 edition of the *Department of Education Manual of Style* (DMOS) is largely based on the 17th edition of The *Chicago Manual of Style*. Since 1906, *The Chicago Manual of Style* has been the prescribed manual for most publishing institutions that use American English.

The DMOS is intended for use in the Department of Education (DepEd) to standardize style and usage.

While the manual prescribes usage based on *The Chicago Manual of Style*, there are some exceptions, specifically those that pertain only to the Department. These unique styles are called DepEd House Style. The rationale for using this unique house style include common usage within the Department, or unique decisions made for practical purposes. For example, using acronyms or abbreviations after a spelled-out word appears more than once. The DMOS also contains specific appendixes that would be helpful for staff, such as common DepEd abbreviations, and commonly used Filipino terms and their accepted spelling.

This edition has been validated in two separate validating exercises held at the Oasis Hotel in Tanza, Cavite in June 2018 (Luzon), and the second at DepEd National Educators Academy of the Philippines in Davao City, in September 2018 (Visayas and Mindanao).

It is hoped that this first edition of the DMOS would help all staff produce clear and easy-to-understand communications material both within and outside the Department. As grammar rules evolve, the DMOS will likewise be updated from time to time, as needed.

Principles of Effective Business Writing

Ensure that your writing observes the following principles:

CLARITY. Keep it clear and simple. Avoid using jargon. Use the active voice as much as possible.

CONCISENESS. Keep it short, brief, and direct to the point.

COMPLETENESS. Provide complete and necessary information.

CONCRETENESS. Avoid vague terms and language. Do not use idiomatic expressions and figures of speech.

CONSISTENCY. Ensure that your documents are consistent in spelling, grammar, punctuation, hyphenation, capitalization, typeface (bold, italic, underlined, among others), and abbreviation.

COHERENCE. Follow a logical sequence in your discourse.

COURTESY. Always build goodwill in your communications. Be polite and courteous to your readers.

I. Abbreviations

1. If an abbreviation or acronym appears more than once in a document, spell it out at first mention in documents, issuances, and press releases. Enclose the abbreviation and acronym in parentheses after the full form or spelled-out term, and then use the abbreviation or acronym in succeeding paragraphs.

For example (e.g.):

The Department of Education (DepEd) shall continue to provide School-Based Management (SBM) grants to public schools. To augment the school funds, DepEd, through the School Effectiveness Division, shall manage the allocation of SBM grants based on the SBM *Guidelines on Availment, Release, Utilization, and Liquidation*.

Note: DepEd is an abbreviation, a shortened version of the Department of Education. SBM is an acronym or initialism. Acronyms are set in all capital letters with no period in-between letters.

2. If a term is mentioned only once, use the spelled-out form.

A. Abbreviations and Names of Organizations

- 3. When the full form or spelled-out term is less known than its abbreviation, use the acronym or abbreviation of the organization. List the abbreviation or acronym on the document's list of abbreviations.
 - e.g., SEAMEO, ASEAN, UN, UNICEF, and UNESCO

 Enclosed is a copy of DepEd–DSWD–DILG–DOH Joint Memorandum Circular
 No. 1 dated May 6, 2013.
- 4. If unsure or unfamiliar with the acronym, and to ensure that acronyms are set correctly, check online.
 - e.g., PEACE Border, which stands for Poverty Eradication and Alleviation Certificates Bonds.

UNICEF, which stands for United Nations Children's Fund

B. Articles and Abbreviations

- 5. If the acronym is read as a word, avoid using an article before it. If the abbreviation or acronym is read as a series of letters, use an article before it.
 - DepEd has issued new instructions for implementation. NEDA is an agency that e.g., plays a big role in disaster risk reduction.

We will hold our convention at SEAMEO INNOTECH.

The DSWD has been building its capacities in responding to disasters.

The safety and security of schoolchildren during disasters is one of the reasons why we have the SDRRMC.

C. Capitalization of Abbreviations and Acronyms

6. Write acronyms in capital letters. Write abbreviations in initial upper case and lowercase, as relevant. In their spelled-out forms, capitalize only the first letters of proper nouns.

World Health Organization (WHO) Assistant Secretary (ASec) e.g., Philippine Red Cross (PRC) Department of Health (DOH)

Undersecretary (Usec) Office of the Secretary (OSec)

D. Countries

7. Spell out country names in texts. Abbreviate country names in tables and lists. In certain technical applications, it may be advisable to use either the two-letter or three-letter standard abbreviations based on the English names of countries. Check the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) standard for two-letter abbreviation and the UN standard for three-letter abbreviation for countries at: https://www.worldatlas.com/ aatlas/ctycodes.htm

Philippines - PHL e.g., Germany - GER France - FR Israel - IS

Notes:

PHL and PH. PHL and/or PH is the International Organization for Standardization initials for the Philippines. RP is not used anymore to avoid ambiguity. DFA Department Order No. 16-10, dated October 20, 2010, directs all DFA offices, consulates general, and for permanent missions to use PHL or PH.

United States or US. In a running text, spell out United States as a noun. Reserve US for the adjective form only.

e.g., US dollars

US contribution to environment preservation

The Philippines' involvement in the United States

The abbreviation "US" should not have periods in-between the letters.

E. Educational Degrees

- 8. Use the abbreviated form of degree/s after a person's name, without periods.
 - e.g., R. Santos EdD, PhD
- 9. In texts, use the standard rule for abbreviations.
 - e.g., The university will offer courses leading to a Master of Arts (MA) degree in Literature.

F. Footnotes

10. Use the abbreviated form of a term in the footnote, if previously defined in the text. If a term is abbreviated for the first time in a footnote, spell it out first, and provide the abbreviation in parentheses. Use the abbreviated form thereafter in both footnotes and text.

G. Governments

- 11. Spell out the names of national governments.
 - e.g., Government of the Philippines (not GoP)

H. Headings and Titles

- 12. Abbreviating titles before names. Abbreviate civil or military titles preceding a full name. Spell out these titles if preceding a surname alone. In salutations, abbreviated form is allowed.
 - e.g., Rep. Jose Cruz Jr.; Representative Cruz
 - Sen. Maria Santos; Senator Santos
 - ASec. De la Cruz; Assistant Secretary Dela Cruz
 - Usec. Mendoza; Undersecretary Mendoza
- 13. Social Titles. Abbreviate social titles whether preceding the full name or the surname. Spell out "Doctor" in direct address.
 - e.g., Ms., Mr., Mrs. / Dr. Cruz / See you later, Doctor.

- 14. Omit these titles when an academic degree or professional designation follows a name.
 - e.g., Juan Santos MD (not Dr. Juan Santos MD)
- 15. Reverend and Honorable. Use Rev. and Hon. before a full name when "the" does not precede the title. Spell out the titles when used with "the."
 - e.g., Rev. Rey Reyes; the Reverend Rey Reyes
 Hon. Mary Sison; the Honorable Mary Sison

I. Issuances

- 16. Issuances are spelled out at first mention and are abbreviated thereafter. Republic act, administrative order, executive order, and other legislations should be abbreviated as RA, AO, EO, respectively, and others—without periods in-between letters. The year series should be included.
- 17. At first mention, capitalize using title case, with the abbreviated word "No." but the "s", which stands for series, should be in lowercase.
 - e.g., At first mention Republic Act No. 10533, s. 2013
- 18. For the succeeding citation, the abbreviation should be used and should be in all capitals. The word "No." should no longer be included.
 - e.g., Succeeding citation: RA 10533, s. 2013 (Note: The "No." is no longer needed.)*

 DepEd Order No. 8, s. 2013

 Succeeding Citation: DO 8, s. 2013

J. Non-English Terms

- 19. At first appearance, spell out first the English translation of abbreviated non-English terms, followed by the non-English abbreviation in parentheses.
 - e.g., Commission on the Filipino Language (KWF)

K. Plurals

- 20. Add lowercase "s" to indicate a plural abbreviation. Do not place an apostrophe before the "s."
 - e.g., School Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Plans (SDRRMPs)

L. Possessive

- 21. Add an apostrophe before the **s** to indicate a possessive form. Do not add **'s** to the abbreviation or acronym.
 - e.g., Department of Education's (DepEd) policies

M. Punctuation

- 22. Omit the period when abbreviating educational degrees, names of countries and other geographic locations, government ministries and agencies, institutions, or organizations.
 - e.g., PhD

MA

USA

DepEd

NEDA

N. Tables

23. List alphabetically and define any abbreviation used in tables. Place the definitions below the table. Left-align text in first column. Right-align all numbers.

e.g., Table A: Enrollment Rate

Country	No. of Students in School A	Enrollment Rate	Decimal Equivalent
FRA	550,000	3%	0.03
IND	200,000	7%	0.07
PHL	300,000	6%	0.06
USA	250,000	8%	0.08

FRA-France, IND-India, PHL-Philippines, USA-United States

II. Capitalization

- 24. Use a capital letter to begin proper nouns, sentences, headings, some abbreviations and acronyms, and the important words in composition titles.
- 25. Capitalize the initial letter of common nouns such as party, river, and street when they are an integral part of the full name of a place or thing.
 - e.g., Pasig River, Pioneer Street, New York City
- 26. Capitalize the initial letter of proper names of nationalities, peoples, races, tribes, and so on.
 - e.g., Filipinos, Americans, Indians, Arabs, Africans
- 27. Capitalize the initial letter of specific constitutions. Use lowercase "c" if the constitution is used in a generic sense.
 - e.g., Philippine Constitution

 A country's constitution should be honored.

A. Educational Degrees/Grades

- 28. Use lowercase initial letter for degrees and fellowships in text. Capitalize all letters and abbreviate, without a period, when used after a person's name.
 - e.g., She has a master's degree in Philippine Studies.
 - Juan dela Cruz MD
 - For grade levels, capitalize initial letter.
 - e.g., She was enrolled in Kindergarten.
 - The pupil was accelerated from Grade 4 to Grade 6.

B. Ethnic Groups

- 29. Capitalize the initial letter of ethnic and national groups.
 - e.g., Mangyan, Ilocano/Ilokano

C. Government

- 30. Use initial capital letter for "government" for formal and full names of the governments. When used in a generic sense, use the lowercase letter for "government."
 - e.g., Government of the Philippines

The government should provide basic social services.

D. Meetings, Conferences, and Forums

- 31. Capitalize initial letters of actual names of meetings, conferences, and forums. When used in a generic sense, use lowercase initial letter.
 - e.g., We invite you to *Ugnayan*: A National Conference on Resilience.

 Our organization will conduct a national conference on resilience next month.

E. Ministries, Departments, and Other Government Bodies

- 32. Capitalize initial letters of full names of national ministries and departments and other permanent bodies, but lowercase generic references. When referring to the Department of Education as 'the Department,' capitalize "D."
 - e.g., The Department of Education has drafted its own annual plan. The Department will finalize its plan by March.

Each department is responsible for drafting an annual plan.

F. Committees

- 33. At first reference, spell out and capitalize the initial letter of a committee's full name. Place abbreviated form in parentheses after the spelled-out form. Lowercase "committee" when it stands alone.
 - e.g., The Office Screening Committee (OSC) ranked the applicants. The committee submitted the ranking of applicants to the Personnel Selection Board.

G. Organizations, Companies, and Institutions

- 34. Capitalize initial letters of full names of organizations, companies, and institutions. No comma before "Inc." or "Ltd."
 - e.g., National Organization of Professional Teachers Inc.

H. Parts of a Document or Publication

- 35. Capitalize initial letters of references to annexes, appendixes, boxes, enclosures, figures, maps, and tables within a text.
 - e.g., Please refer to Table 1 for information on the changes of budget throughout the years.

I. Political Parties, Religions, and Religious Bodies

- 36. Capitalize initial letters of full names of political parties and religious bodies and of their adherents.
 - e.g., Roman Catholic

He is a member of Jehovah's Witnesses.

J. Plans, Policies, Programs, Subprojects, Strategies, and Laws

- 37. Capitalize initial letters of actual names of plans, policies, treaties, acts, programs, subprojects, and similar documents or agreements. Lowercase initial letters when used in a generic sense, or when their short form is used except for Department issuances (e.g., order, memorandum). Use lowercase initial letters for bills not yet approved.
 - e.g., K to 12 Basic Education Program

The Gawad Siklab Search for Outstanding Student Government is ongoing. The search is open to all student bodies nationwide.

The DepEd Order was issued yesterday. The Order was about the regulations on issuance.

K. Titles

- 38. Capitalize initial letters for civil, military, religious, and professional titles when these immediately precede a personal name. Lowercase when following a name or used in place of a name.
 - e.g., President Juan J. de los Santos; the president
 Governor Mariano de la Cruz; the governor
 Education Department Secretary Maria Santos; the secretary
- 39. Once a title has been given, it need not be repeated each time a person's name is mentioned.
 - e.g., Cecilia Reyes, senator of the Philippines; Senator Reyes; Reyes

- 40. In promotional or ceremonial contexts, such as a displayed list of donors in a book or a list of corporate officers in an annual report, titles are usually capitalized even when following a personal name. Exceptions may be allowed for reasons of courtesy or diplomacy.
 - e.g., Josefa Ramos, Secretary of Education
- 41. Lowercase titles when used alone or when set off descriptively from a name by commas, often after a name. When applicable, capitalize only the names of departments, divisions, and other groups.
 - e.g., Maria Santos, Education Department Secretary

 Maria Santos, secretary of the Department of Education

III. Currencies and Exchange Rates

- 42. Peso. For consistency with news publications, use P instead of PhP when referring to amounts and figures of money. Do not place a space between the currency and the number.
 - e.g., P500 or P10,000
- 43. Dollar. For instances where dollars refer to other non-US currencies in a single work, they should be specifically expressed. For formal usage, the International Organization for Standardization's (ISO) three-letter codes should be used https://www.iso.org/iso-4217-currency-codes.html

e.g., Canadian dollar: CAD1,900

Singapore dollar: SGD525

US dollar: USD818

IV. Dates

A. Systems of Chronology

44. *The Chicago Manual of Style* recommends full capitals without periods, in keeping with the general guidelines.

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e.g., AD - anno Domini (in the year of our Lord); AD 2013
BC - before Christ; 300 BC
```

B. Time of Day

45. Use numerals (with zeroes for even hours) for exact times. *Chicago Manual of Style* recommends lowercase a.m. and p.m.

```
e.g., 11:00 a.m. - ante meridiem (before noon)
12 p.m. - meridiem (or 12 nn. [rarely used])
1:00 p.m. - post meridiem (after noon)
```

46. The abbreviations a.m. and p.m. should not be used with morning, afternoon, evening, night, or o'clock. See examples below for proper usage.

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e.g., 10:30 a.m. or ten-thirty in the morning 11:00 p.m. or eleven o'clock at night
```

C. Date Format

47. Write month, day, comma, and then year.

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e.g., December 25, 2018
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48. Except for correspondence and DepEd issuances, abbreviate Jan., Feb., Mar., Apr., Jul., Aug., Sept., Oct., Nov., and Dec., when used with a specific date. Spell out the names of months when using a month alone or with a year alone. If space is limited, use the shortened form.

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e.g., Apr. 27, 2018 (No comma after month)
```

D. Decades

49. Do not use an apostrophe before "s" to signify decades.

```
e.g., 1900s, 1980s, (formal) '80s, '90s (informal)
```

V. Formatting

50. To emphasize any item in a document, use boldface. Do not italicize, underline or put in quotation marks. To emphasize any item in issuances, use boldface.

A. Annexes and Enclosures

51. Enclosure is part of a document; annex or attachment is an extra material that is part of the enclosure.

1. Acronyms and Abbreviations

52. For acronyms and abbreviations used more than once in the appendix, spell out the term on first mention, then provide the acronym or abbreviation in parentheses after the word. Use the acronym or abbreviated form thereafter.

2. Footnotes

53. Restart footnote numbering of each appendix to 1. Do not continue numbering from the main text. Each appendix footnote numbering should start with 1.

3. Page Numbering

54. Page numbering of enclosures should start from 1. Annexes should start from A.

4. References in Text

55. Enclosures/Appendixes must be cited in the main text, and in the enclosure/appendix list, these should appear in the order in which they are cited in the main text.

Tip:

On MS Word, use a page break to separate the main text from the appendix by choosing (i) Page Layout from the menu bar, (ii) click on "Break", and (iii) choose "Next Page" under "Section Break."

B. Footnotes

- 56. Use superscript Arabic numerals to indicate footnotes, with no slash or underscore. Place superscript footnote numbers at the end of the sentence if possible, after the punctuation mark.
 - e.g., The school enrollment rate has gone down in recent years.¹

C. Headings

1. Abbreviations

57. Do not use abbreviations in headings except for abbreviations that are more common than their spelled-out version. For titles in the issuances, do not use abbreviations or acronyms.

2. Capitalization

58. Use title case for headings, except for the nonessential words (articles, prepositions).

3. Format

59. The optimum number of heading levels is three, maximum is four. Indent appropriately. See sample below.

Format for DepEd Issuance

1.

a.

b.

c.

i.

ii.

iii.

(1)

(2)

(3)

(a)

(b)

(c)

Format for Enclosure of DepEd Issuance

- I. Chapter
 - A. Heading A
 - 1. Subsection (i)
 - a. Subsection (a)

i.

(1)

(a)

(i)

D. Figures

60. Place figures immediately after the paragraph where they are cited. Label the figures using Arabic numerals. Provide a title for each figure.

1. Color

61. Avoid using color on figures. You may use shades of black for bar charts and graphs.

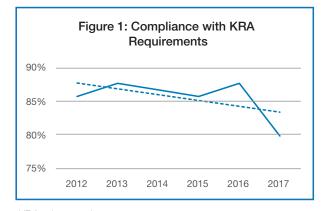
2. Format

62. Place figures in a box, along with its title. Provide a list of abbreviations at the bottom of the figure (in alphabetical order). Provide the source/s of each figure.

3. Notes and Explanatory Material

- 63. Figures need to be able to stand alone, separate from the text. Thus, they should contain their own abbreviations list and other explanatory material, placed at the bottom.
- 64. Use superscript lowercase letters for footnote indicators.
- 65. List abbreviations in alphabetical order, with their definitions.
- 66. Provide a source for every figure. For figures with several sources, list the sources in alphabetical order (by author). Be precise when identifying sources to ensure that interested readers or researchers could find them.

e.g.,



KRA = key result area.

Source: Department of Transportation.

E. Lists

67. Items in a list should be in parallel form. Items in a list should be consistent in part of speech or format.

1. Vertical Lists (for Long Lists)

- 68. Introduce vertical lists with a full sentence, or an introductory clause to set off the list below it. Begin all items in a vertical list with an initial capital letter. However, when a list completes the sentence that introduces it, use lowercase initial letters on the list.
 - e.g., The program will introduce
 - a. a set of new variables,
 - b. new policies, and
 - c. a final recommendation.
- 69. Use a period if the item in a vertical list is a full sentence or can be read as an imperative.
 - e.g., The reasons for the low rate of enrollment are listed below.
 - a. Parents do not have sufficient funds for tuition.
 - b. Overage children are hesitant to attend school.
 - c. Schools are not accessible.
- 70. For lists that complete a whole sentence, separate items in the list with a comma unless there is a comma within the list—in which case separate items in the list with a semicolon.
 - e.g., The success of the school can be attributed to
 - a. capacity building of the school administrators, teachers, and principals;
 - b. improved information and communications technology;
 - c. complete set of instructional materials; and
 - d. rehabilitated school buildings.
- 71. Use bullets or lowercase alphabetized letters for the items on the list. Lists should be numbered when a hierarchy of importance exists or when the number of items is important.
 - e.g., The new project will include the following equipment:
 - a. vehicles,
 - b. printing machines, and
 - c. photocopy machines.

2. Run-in Lists (for Short and Simple Lists)

- 72. Use a colon when the introduction to the list is not a full sentence.
 - e.g., The following materials are included in a go-bag for emergencies:
 - a. Important documents,
 - b. Medicine,
 - c. Flashlight,
 - d. Extra clothes, and
 - e. Money.

3. Countries, Provinces, Cities, and Organizations

73. List countries, provinces, cities, and organizations in alphabetical order, unless a reason for an alternative arrangement is given.

4. Unnecessary Words

- 74. Avoid using "respectively" and "former ... latter," because they require the reader to reread the sentence and match up the different parts.
- 75. Avoid using "namely."

F. Page Numbers

1. Format

76. Use lowercase Roman numerals without parentheses for preliminary pages. Use Arabic numerals for all other pages.

2. Placement

77. Place page numbers at the bottom of the page, right-aligned, for odd-numbered pages. Place page numbers at the bottom of the page, left-aligned, for even-numbered pages.

G. Tables

78. Cite all tables in the text. Place each table near the end of the paragraph in which it is first cited.

1. Abbreviations in Tables

79. Abbreviations may be used in a table, but define each one in an alphabetical list below the table. Use a smaller font (Bookman Old Style, font size 8 or 9) for the abbreviations list.

2. Format

- 80. Column Titles. Center-align column titles.
- 81. Body. Decimal-align numbers in a table. Be consistent with the number of decimal places.

3. Labeling

- 82. If a document has only one table, use only the title; if it has two or more tables, number them with Arabic numerals in the order in which they appear. See example under item no. 85, "Table 1."
- 83. Provide a short table title. Place the title after the table number, and center the table number and title across the columns. Place the table number and title outside the table. See example under number 85.
- 84. Indicate the unit of measurement used in the table. Place this below the table title.
- 85. Use regular font on titles.

e.g.,

Table 1: Source of Document Request (*000)

Document	Baseline Year				
Requestor	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
NGO	520	530	535	426	600
Government	350	395	420	435	450
Media	426	400	395	430	450
MDB	350	395	360	400	425
Private Sector/ Business	500	526	548	430	545
Student/Academe	260	300	330	420	395
Others	359	400	325	375	380

 $\mbox{\it MDB}$ - multilateral development bank, NGO - nongovernment organization. Source: Everything Encyclopedia.

4. Large Tables

86. Consider placing large tables (more than one page) as appendixes.

5. Notes and Explanatory Material

87. Tables should be able to stand alone. Place all explanatory material immediately below the table, including abbreviations, footnotes, and sources.

6. Numbering

88. When numbering in a table, use a period after every number. Roman numerals could also be used. Avoid using the closing parenthesis.

Prefer this			Instead of this
1.	i.	1)	
2.	ii.	2)	
3.	iii.	3)	

Abbreviations Footnotes Sources

7. Rounding

89. Round off numbers to just two decimal places, unless there is a special reason specified. Be consistent with the number of decimal places used within a table.

8. Sources

90. Provide a source for all tables.

9. Symbols

91. Define all symbols below the table along with abbreviations, if any. Use an en dash to denote negative numbers.

10. Text Tables

92. Use either complete sentences or sentence fragments consistently throughout a table. Use bullets for each entry, and center column title.

Complete Sentence	Sentence Fragments
DepEd has core values.	DepEd core values
DepEd has nationwide Teachers' Day Celebration.	National Teachers' Day Celebration

VI. Language Usage

A. Gender References

93. Use gender-neutral language. Avoid using the masculine gender when the gender is not known. See samples of gender-neutral language in Appendix 2.

B. Politically Correct Terms

94. Eliminate language that could potentially affect sensibilities in terms of religion, race, and the like. See samples of politically correct terms in Appendix 2.

C. Non-English Terms

- 95. Write non-English terms in italics and provide their English translation in parentheses after the word, or in a footnote, at first appearance. Italicize the non-English term throughout the document.
 - e.g., ceteris paribus (all things being equal)
- 96. Do not italicize local proper nouns, e.g., names of agencies, institutions, or organizations.

VII. Numbers

A. Numerals or Words

- 97. Spell out numbers from one to nine. Spell out a number used as the first word of a sentence. It is better to reword when a spelled-out number will consist of many words.
 - e.g., Eleven pupils from Taguig Elementary School made it to the final round. About 50,000 high school students took the assessment test.
- 98. Numbers with four or more digits should also be in numerical form and separated by commas.
 - e.g., 50,000-1,000,000
- 99. First to ninth are spelled out. Tenth onwards should be written as 10th, and so on.
 - e.g., 21st century 10th DepEd Anniversary
- 100. Fractions are spelled out and hyphenated.
 - e.g., One-third of the student population
 One-half of the learners
- 101. Use figures for the following:
 - e.g., Ages

Grade/Year Levels

Series of numbers in the same category

Statistical Data

Money

Hours/Time

Year

102. Use Roman Numerals when indicating the DepEd regions.

```
e.g., Regions I–XII

Regional Offices I–XII
```

103. Avoid following the word for a number with a figure in parentheses for the same number unless for legal purposes.

Avoid:

Eight (8)

Ten (10)

B. Negative Numbers

- 104. Use an en dash to signify negative numbers in texts.
- 105. In text, write out all negative numbers as numerals, preceded by an en dash. When providing a plus-or-minus range, place "±" before the number without a space. In tables, use an en dash for negative numbers.

C. Very Large Numbers

106. Very large numbers (in the millions or more) should be expressed in the form of numeral and spelled-out word, especially when they are fractional. Except in years, page numbers, and serial numbers, insert a comma every three digits.

```
e.g., 25.6 million
76 billion
five trillion
```

D. Percent

107. When used in press releases and speeches, spell out "percent" rather than in its symbol form (%). If the article uses "percent" three times or more, use the symbol "%" instead of the word "percent." Use % in infographics. For issuances, use the spelled-out form.

E. Decimals

108. Write decimals with a period, not a comma. Use a maximum of two decimal places, unless a reason is specified.

F. Fractions

109. In a text, spell out fractions and hyphenate.

G. Rounding

110. Round up numbers 0.5 and above; round down numbers below 0.5.

VIII. Organizations

- 111. Use the official spelling of the name and acronym of an organization.
 - e.g., International Labour Organization (ILO)

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)

Southeast Asian Ministers of Education Organization Regional Center for Educational Innovation and Techology (SEAMEO INNOTECH)

IX. Word Class

A. Articles

112. Use the definite article "the" to restrict or particularize a noun and an indefinite article ("a" or "an") when the identity of the noun, is not specified or fixed.

B. Nouns Used as Adjectives

- 113. In general, make nouns singular when they are used as adjectives.
- 114. Exception. Retain the "s" if a phrase sounds unnatural or misleading without it.
 - e.g., human resources budget
 results framework
 skills training
 training needs assessment
 schools division memorandum

C. Verbals

- 115. Verbals are verb forms that could function either as a noun (gerund) or an adjective (participle). There are three verbals—gerund, participle, and infinitive. Gerunds end in -ing and functions as a noun. Participles function as an adjective. Infinitives usually take the form of "..to + verb" and also function as nouns.
 - e.g., *Reading* is the student's favorite hobby.

To win the championship was one of the student's dreams.

Crying salty tears, the accuser narrated her experience.

X. Punctuation

A. Apostrophe

- 116. Use an apostrophe to show that one or more letters have been omitted from a word to form a contraction. Limit the use of contractions unless in dialogs or scripts.
 - e.g., he'd (he would) be assigned it's (it is) an assessment it'll (it will) be announced
- 117. An apostrophe is also used in place of omitted letters or numbers.
 - e.g., Class of '80 (1980) Ma'am (Madam)
- 118. An apostrophe with the letter –s is added to the end of most nouns to indicate the possessive form. This includes nouns that end in –s, whether the –s is pronounced or not. For common nouns in plural form ending in –s, or proper nouns (such as names of countries or organizations), which are plural in form and ending in –s, add an apostrophe only.
 - e.g., Children's hour Philippines' role

B. Brackets

119. Brackets are usually used in transcriptions for "silent" editing. These are also used in transcriptions that have poor recording. In this case, the editor resorts to suggesting words that can complete a statement. Brackets are used to indicate that the editor has added a particular word or rephrased a statement in a transcription.

e.g., BARMM [Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao]

CALABARZON [Cavite, Laguna, Batangas, Rizal, Quezon]

CAR [Cordillera Administrative Region]

Caraga [Region XIII]

MIMAROPA [Mindoro, Marinduque, Romblon, Palawan]

SOCCSKSARGEN (North Cotabato, Sarangani, South Cotabato, Sultan Kudarat, Cotabato City, General Santos City, Kidapawan City, Koronadal City and Tacurong City)*

The Philippine eagle [*Pithecophaga jefferyi*] is one of the largest and most majestic birds in the world.

C. Colon

- 120. A colon is used to introduce a list of specific items in a sentence.
 - e.g., The glove compartment contained three items:
 - a. a torchlight,
 - b. a pack of batteries, and
 - c. a black trash bag.

For more information, contact:

The Focal Person

National Festival of Talents

Bureau of Curriculum Development or Bureau of Learning Delivery

Department of Education Central Office, Pasig City

Telephone Nos.: (02) 632-7746 and (02) 632-7586

- 121. It is also used to introduce subtitles.
 - e.g., Effective Oral Communication Skills and Strategies: How to Teach Confidently, Eloquently, and Passionately

Climate Change: Understanding, Reducing, and Adapting

- 122. Use a colon after the salutation of a business letter.
 - e.g., Your Excellency:

Dear Mr. Rosales:

- 123. Use a colon to formally introduce a question or a quotation.
 - e.g., The national scientist explained to the Congress: "Why is it important to protect the environment?"

^{*} Source: EO 36 s. 2001 Section 4 dated September 19, 2001.

- 124. Use a colon when indicating references to the main text of a DepEd Memorandum/ DepEd Order. When the referenced numbers are more than one, use a colon before listing the nos.
 - e.g., References:

DepEd Memorandum No. 45, s. 2018

DepEd Memorandum: Nos. 63, 68, and 93, s. 2016

Exception: If there is only one reference, there is no need to insert a colon before the "no."

D. Comma

- 125. A comma indicates a division in a sentence, as in setting off a word, phrase, or clause; to separate items in a list; to mark off thousands in numerals; and to separate types or levels of information in bibliographic and other data.
- 126. When enumerating a series of three or more elements, separate the elements with commas.
 - e.g., The learners, teachers, and the researchers worked overnight to meet the deadline.
- 127. If the last element in a series consists of paired elements joined by **and**, place a comma before that element.
 - e.g., The author wrote additional lessons, the managing editor proofread the proofs, and the editorial assistant implemented the corrections and coordinated with the layout artists.
- 128. Use a comma to separate two clauses of a compound sentence joined by conjunctions (but, and, nor, for, so, yet, or).
 - e.g., The President hailed the Supreme Court decision, and the senators and congressmen concurred.
- 129. If the compound clauses are short and related, the comma is needed.
 - e.g., The teachers sang, and the students danced.
- 130. Place a comma to set off phrases and clauses within a sentence.
 - e.g., Republic Act No. 10533, otherwise known as the Enhanced Basic Education Act of 2013 (K to 12 Law), was signed into law on May 15, 2017.
- 131. Use a comma to separate an independent clause in a sentence.
 - e.g., The chosen work schedule of the employees shall be their fixed work schedule, which may be changed only after 6 months.
- 132. Commas are not required around Jr. and Sr., and they are never used to set off II, III, and the like when these are used as part of a name. In an inverted name, however (as in an index), a comma is required before such an element, which comes last.

e.g. President Juan de la Cruz II was the predecessor of President Carlo Reyes.

Senator Joseph de los Santos Jr. co-authored the bill on the Citizens Act of 20XX (RA 10XXX).

President de la Cruz, Juan, II

Senator de los Santos, Joseph, Jr.

- 133. Commas are not required around Inc., Ltd., and such as part of a company.
 - e.g., The Philippine Professional Linkage from Various Disciplines Inc. will conduct the International Seminar on Leadership and Management from August 12 to 14, 2016 at the Baguio Teachers Camp, Baguio City.

E. Dashes

1. En Dash

- 134. Use an en dash (-) to connect ranges of numbers for dates, times, pages, or references.
 - e.g., The School Year 2018–2019 will formally open on Monday, June 4, 2018. The relevant paragraphs can be found on pages 89–90.

2. Em Dash

- 135. An em dash (—) may replace commas, parentheses, and colons, in parenthetical phrases. They may emphasize a break or an explanatory expression. Do not add spaces before and after an em dash.
 - e.g., Three Filipino heroes—Jose Rizal, Apolinario Mabini, and Andres Bonifacio—are three of the heroes honored in the country.

Tips: Shortcut keys for en dash is ctrl + minus key on the number pad.

Shortcut keys for em dash is ctrl + alt + minus key on the number pad.

F. Hyphen

- 136. Consult Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary for hyphenation (www.m-w.com).
 - e.g., 532-6789 3-B Baker St.
- 137. Use a hyphen in spelled-out fractions.
 - e.g., one-fourth
 five and one-eight inches
 four-quarters

- 138. Use a hyphen to connect phrasal adjectives that collectively modify or describe another.
 - e.g., poverty-stricken provinces one-child policy
- 139. Use a hyphen to join two or more words that form a single-thought adjective.
 - e.g., self-confident school-based
- 140. Use a hyphen to form new words beginning with the prefixes.
 - e.g., self-explanatory
 full-time teacher
 teacher-participant
- 141. Use a hyphen to join a number and a unit of measure to form an adjectival phrase.
 - e.g., 10-kilometer fun run 15-year old student 70-year old retiree
- 142. Hyphenate adjectival phrases.
 - e.g., spelled-out syllabus
 evidence-based policy
 up-to-date technology
- 143. Do not hyphenate email.
 - e.g., He sent out an email to the staff.
- 144. Do not hyphenate adverbial adjectives ending in -ly.
 - e.g., newly appointed director newly designated officer-in-charge

G. Parentheses

- 145. Use square brackets for parenthetical elements within the parentheses.
 - e.g., The situation of the barangay (referring to the local government unit [LGU]) was improving in terms of infrastructure.

H. Period

- 146. Use a period to mark the end of a declarative or imperative sentence.
 - e.g., The K to 12 Basic Education Program is a flagship reform program of the Department of Education (DepEd), in close collaboration with various education sectors, particularly the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) and the Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA).
- 147. Place the period before double or single closing quotation marks.
 - e.g., A lawmaker described the regime as a "kleptocracy."
- 148. When parentheses enclose a complete and independent sentence, place the period inside.
 - e.g., Observe the changes that happened. (You may use a magnifying lens to see the changes more clearly.)
- 149. If the parentheses enclose a phrase or a word, place the period outside.
 - e.g., Birds generate much heat from their own metabolism (that is the sum of all the chemical changes in the body).
- 150. Place periods after abbreviations.
 - e.g., Mr. and Mrs. Santos
- 151. Do not place periods on acronyms.
 - e.g., ECCD [Early Childhood Care and Development]
 SBM [School-Based Management]
- 152. Place periods after initials.
 - e.g., His Excellency Mario M. De Leon

I. Question Mark

- 153. Place a question mark at the end of a direct question. Do not use a question mark after an indirect question.
 - e.g., How long will it take for humans to reach Jupiter?

The teacher asked how many students were absent.

J. Quotation Marks

- 154. Punctuation marks after quoted text should be placed within the quotation marks. Commas that are followed by attributive statements should be placed inside the quotation marks as well. Only colons (:) and semicolons (;) are written outside the quotation marks. Use double quotation marks.
 - e.g., "The painting was sold at the auction."

The data were gathered from the publications "The Demographics of Metro Manila"; "Indicators of Population"; and "Handbook of Statistics."

- 155. Set off direct quotations with quotation marks. Place only the exact quoted words within the quotation marks.
 - e.g., The report cited the occurrence as "statistically insignificant."
- 156. For long quotations consisting of more than one paragraph, place quotation marks only before each paragraph and at the end of the very last paragraph. Indent the paragraphs quoted on both left and right margins.

e.g.,

"Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation. Excepteur sint occaecat cupidatat non proident, sunt in culpa qui officia deserunt mollit anim id est laborum.

Sed ut perspiciatis unde omnis iste natus error sit voluptatem accusantium doloremque laudantium, totam rem aperiam, eaque ipsa quae ab illo inventore veritatis et quasi architecto beatae vitae dicta sunt explicabo. Nemo enim ipsam voluptatem quia voluptas sit esse quam nihil molestiae consequatur, vel illum qui dolorem eum fugiat quo voluptas nulla pariatur?"

Exception: For issuances with long quotations, do not place quotation marks, instead indent and use boldface.

- 157. Do not use any punctuation before a quotation introduced by "that" or "which," or a similar conjunction.
 - e.g., The teacher said that the student will "do well" in class.

The trainer was very good, which made the participants perform "exceedingly well."

- 158. Place a punctuation inside the closing quotation marks.
 - e.g., He said, "Reading the book was a challenge."

K. Semicolon

- 159. When the items in a series are complex or involve internal punctuation, separate them with a semicolon.
 - e.g., The National Capital Region (NCR) bagged a total of 95 medals; Region III, 87; Region IV-A (CALABARZON), 75; Caraga, 69; Region X, 58; and the Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR), 52.
- 160. Use a semicolon to join two independent clauses that are not connected by a coordinate conjunction.
 - e.g., The President hailed the Supreme Court decision; the senators and representatives also concurred with it.

XI. References

- 161. Cite all quoted or referenced materials correctly and completely in a footnote. Italicize all publication titles throughout a document (except when using the acronym).
 - e.g., The *Chicago Manual of Style* (CMOS) is a reference book of many publishers. The CMOS is the style guide of choice for American English.
- 162. Publications may follow the rules below or those in the Chicago Manual of Style.

A. Books

For books, follow this model for format and punctuation.

Author. Year. Title in Italics. Place of publication: Publisher.

Page numbers are optional and should appear at the end of the footnote. For ranges of page numbers, use an en dash, e.g., pp. 11–35.

B. Government Publications

Government of the Philippines. 2010. Philippine Statistics. Series No. 13. Manila.

Government of the Philippines, Department of Education. 2011. *Education for Development*. Manila.

C. Periodicals

Author. Year. Title of Article. *Journal or Newspaper Title in Italics*. Volume number (issue number).

Author. Year. Title of Article. *Journal or Newspaper Title in Italics*. Volume number (issue number). page number.

D. Others

W.M. Santos. 2015. Research into the Environment. Research Journal. 16(5). pp. 100–219.

T. Reyes. 2017. *International Development Institutions*. Background paper for the Education Development Forum. Greece. 18–27 April.

E. Online and Electronic Sources

163. Cite quoted or referenced material from an electronic source correctly and as completely as possible in a footnote.

Tip: Press "shift and enter" to break URLs without breaking the link.

164. Do not add a period after a URL. Do not underline URLs.

Department of Education. http://www.deped.gov.ph/

XII. Spelling

- 165. Use American spelling. Consult the *Merriam-Webster dictionary* (www.m-w.com) for correct spellings if unsure.
- 166. For Filipino words, use the *UP Diksiyonaryong Filipino*, Binagong Edisyon (2010) or the *Diksiyonaryong Filipino* (Komisyon ng Wikang Filipino).
- 167. American English is to be used consistently for all documents, including issuances. Exceptions are: **advisor** and **trainor**. DepEd prefers **adviser** and **trainer**. The following are a few examples of the differences between two types of English spelling:

US or American English spelling (preferred)	UK or British English spelling (variant)
- ize	- ise
analyze	analyse
criticize	criticize
memorize	memorise
organization	organization
organize	organise
organizing	organising

- or	- our
behavior	behaviour
color	colour
favor	favour
honor	honour
humor	humour
labor	labour
neighbor	neighbor
valor	valour

- ter	- tre
center	centre
fiber	fibre
meter	metre

- er	- re
caliber	calibre
somber	sombre
theater	theatre

- led	- lled
enrolled	enroled
fulfill	fulfil
labeled	Labelled
modeled	modelled
traveled	Travelled

- ense	- ence
defense	defence
offense	offence

Others	
acknowledgment	acknowledgement
aging	ageing
analog	analogue
catalog	catalogue
counselor	Counsellor
dialog	dialogue
draft	draught
dreamed	dreamt
inquire	enquire
inquiry	enquiry
jewelry	jewellry
judgment	judgement
leaped	leapt
learned	learnt
pajamas	pyjamas
program	programme

continued on next page

- 168. The spelling of proper nouns are retained, e.g., Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.
- 169. Words that have the same singular and plural forms

Singular	Plural
evidence	(pieces) of evidence
news	news
series	series

Avoid	Prefer
adult-learners	adult learners
antibullying	anti-bullying
anti-drug	antidrug
attendance to	attendance in
audio-visual	audiovisual
Baguio Teachers' Camp	Baguio Teachers Camp
break out	break-out
child friendly	child-friendly
co curricular	co-curricular
co-chair	cochair
contract-of-service	contract of service
copy editing	copyediting
co-sponsor	cosponsor
cost effective	cost-effective
co-terminus	coterminus
Departmentwide	Department-wide
education related	education-related
evidence based	evidence-based
equipments	equipment
extra-curricular	extracurricular
face-to-face	face to face
film making	filmmaking
follow-up	follow up
full time teacher	fulltime teacher

 $continued\ on\ next\ page$

Avoid	Prefer
furnitures	furniture
hand washing	hand-washing
in service training	in-service training
inter-agency	interagency
learner centered	learner-centered
left-over	leftover
mid-term	midterm
mid-year	midyear
mother-tongue	mother tongue
multi-grade	multigrade
multi-lingual	multilingual
multi-media	multimedia
nation-building	nationbuilding
non-academic	nonacademic
nonDepEd	non-DepEd
non-formal	nonformal
non-government	nongovernment
non-partisan	nonpartisan
non-possessive	nonpossessive
non-profit	nonprofit
non-print	nonprint
non-teaching	nonteaching
non-working	nonworking
off-campus	off campus
officer in charge	officer-in-charge
on-going	ongoing
on-line	online
open ended question	open-ended question
over-aged	overaged
over-all	overall
participants to	participants in

continued on next page

Avoid	Prefer
performance based	performance-based
pre-school	preschool
result to	result in
school age	school-age
school based	school-based
schoolbuilding	school building
school children	schoolchildren
school heads	schoolheads
school-uniform	school uniform
self confident	self-confident
self explanatory	self-explanatory
seminar workshop	seminar-workshop
short term	short-term
spellout	spell out
student participants	student-participants
student teacher	student-teacher
teacher applicants	teacher-applicants
teacher participants	teacher-participants
teaching learning	teaching-learning
team-building	team building
testtaker	test-taker
time on task	time-on-task
trainors	trainers
up to date	up-to-date
walk in clients	walk-in clients
year round	year-round
year-end	yearend

APPENDIXES

Appendix 1: Proofreaders' Marks

Appendix 2: Language Usage

Appendix 3: Filipino Terms Commonly Used

Appendix 4: Organizational Terms and Abbreviations

Appendix 5: Department of Education Official Issuances and Letters

Appendix 6: List of Subjects Used in the Perpetual Index

Appendix 7: Sections of an Operations Manual

Appendix 1

PROOFREADERS' MARKS¹

	Proofreaders' Marks	
	OPERATIONAL SIGNS	TYPOGRAPHICAL SIGNS
ىو_	Delete	Set in italic type
\subset	Close up; delete space) Set in roman type
9	Delete and close up (use only when deleting letters within a word)	Set in boldface type
(stet)	Let it stand	Set in lowercase
#	Insert space Caps	Set in capital letters
(eq #)	Make space between words equal;	Set in small capitals
(#	make space between lines equal	Wrong font; set in correct type
hr #	Insert hair space	Check type image; remove blemish
(Ls)	Letterspace	Insert here or make superscript
44	Begin new paragraph	Insert here or make subscript
	Indent type one em from left or right	
J	Move right	PUNCTUATION MARKS
	Move left	Insert comma
][Center \checkmark	Insert apostrophe <i>or</i> single quotation mark
	Move up	Insert quotation marks
	Move down	Insert period
(f x)	Flush left	? Insert question mark
(tr)	Flush right	Insert semicolon
	Straighten type; align horizontally	Insert colon
	Align vertically	Insert hyphen
th	Transpose	Insert em dash
(sp)	Spell out N	Insert en dash
	{ } or ()	Insert parentheses
	())	Insert parentneses

 $^{^{\}rm 1}~$ Source: The University of Chicago. 2017. The Chicago Manual of Style.17th ed. Chicago, IL.

Appendix 2

LANGUAGE USAGE

Gender-Neutral Language

Avoid	Prefer
businessman, businesswoman	persons engaged in business, businessperson
chairman	chair, chairperson
congressman	member of congress, representative
fireman	firefighter
fisherman	fisherfolk
girl, boy, man, woman	person, human
ladies and gentlemen	distinguished guests, honored guests
landlord, landlady	proprietor, owner
layman	layperson, nonspecialist, generalist
mailman	letter carrier
male nurse	nurse
Man	humanity
man-hours	person-hours
man-made	manufactured
manpower	staff, human resources
policeman, policewoman	officer, police officer, police official
stewardess, steward	flight attendant
to man	to operate
waiter, waitress	server
workman	worker

Politically Correct Language

Avoid	Prefer
blind	visually impaired
cripple, invalid	person with disability, person with health condition
deaf	hearing-impaired
disabled, handicapped	person with disability, person with health condition
lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender	LGBT
retarded	person with health condition

Expressions Used in Ordinary Conversation

Avoid Prefer

accordingly therefore; so

approximately about

consequently therefore; so

currently now

furthermore also

Avoid Prefer

above, abovementioned this, these aforesaid, aforementioned this,

these below this, these

following, as follows number or omit

for the above reason for this reason

foregoing these

hereafter from now on

herein, hereby (omit)

hereof, hereto, herewith (omit)

personally (omit)

relative to about

said the said individual (name)

same, such (use pronoun or its antecedent)

subject, captioned, such, same this, these, it

the latter, the former (repeat)

the writer, the undersigned I, me

wherein, whereby, whereof in which (or rephrase)

continued on next page

Replace legalese... with more direct expressions

hold in abeyance postpone

in compliance with complying with

in conformance with conforming to

in lieu of instead of

in re the articles mentioned regarding the articles

in the event that if, when, in case

in view of the above consequently, as a result

interpose an objection object

interpose no objection agree with, agree

is predicated on the assumption that assumes

to wit namely

Pairs of Words Often Confused

1. advise – recommend a course of action; often with "of"

inform - impart knowledge, especially with occurrence of facts

2. adapt – to fit, or suit; to adjust

adopt – to take and apply or put into practice as one's own. (what is not so

naturally)

3. affect – influence

effect – result

4. allude – to mention indirectly

refer - to mention more specifically

5. already – something that has happened before a certain time

all ready - completely prepared

6. appraise – assess the value or nature of something

apprise - to inform in detail; when you inform people of a situation

7. biweekly – occurs every two weeks; better use "every other week"

Semiweekly – occurs twice a week; better use "twice weekly"

8. compare to – when stressing similarities

compare with - when examining both similarities and differences

9. among – indicates undefined or collections relationships

e.g., honor "among" thieves

10. between — indicates one to one relationships (between you and me

11. compliment – nice thing said about someone

complement – associated with matching or completing

12. continuous – uninterrupted

continual - repeated

13. comprise – embrace or include

e.g., A zoo comprises mammals, reptiles, and birds.

constitute – to make up as the constituent element or elements

e.g., Animals constitute a zoo.

14. e.g., – Latin: exempli gratia- for example; introduces one or more

examples

i.e., - Latin: id est- that is, . . . to say; introduces a rewording/

clarification of a statement

15. endorsement – indication of support or approval

indorsement – legal signature on a legal or financial document, like checks)

endorsement can be used in place of indorsement for legal context

16. entitled – means that someone has a certain right

titled – named or called when referring to a book, article, or speech, official

documents

17. ensure – to make certain of

e.g., One more vote will ensure the victory.

insure – to denote the act of issuing insurance

e.g., We must insure our fleet of trucks.

assure – to make (one) sure or certain by removing all doubt or suspense

e.g., I assure you that is true.

18. envelop (verb) – to wrap something

envelope (noun) - a wrapping; ENvellup

19. especially – usually means particularly

specially – in a special or careful manner

20. et cetera – Latin- and other things and so on

et al. – Latin - et alia; and others

21. Farther – Refers to distance

further – Time or quantity; extent or details

22. fewer – for countable quantities

less – for uncountable quantities

23.	imply – infer –		to express indirectly to arrive at after reasoning from evidence or from premises
24.	indifferent – disinterested –		One doesn't care how something comes out Not same as "uninterested;" neutral and objective
25.	lay lie	-	 transitive verb, the principal parts of which (lay, laid, laid) are followed by a direct object: to set down e.g., I always lay the mail on the desk. intransitive verb, the principal parts of which (lie, lay, lain) are never followed by a direct object: to recline e.g., The towns lie on the banks of the river.
26.	may can	-	- has to do with permission - implies only physical activity
27.	maybe (adverb) may be (verb phrase		- perhaps - implies something is possible
28.	raise		transitive verb, the principal parts of which (raise, raised) are followed by a direct object e.g., I will raise this issue at our next board meeting.
	rise	-	intransitive verb, the principal part of which (rise, rose, risen) are never followed by a direct object e.g., Stock market prices will surely rise this week.
29.	transpire	-	to exhale moisture, vapor, perfume, etc.; to perspire; to leak out, come to light, become known e.g., Eventually, the grim account of his villainy transpired.
		-	Not to be used in the sense of "happen" or "come to pass"
		-	- Acceptable only when its primary implication is a leaking out or becoming known e.g., What the chief said never transpired.
	happen	-	to occur by chance, to come to pass
30.	use	-	to avail oneself of a thing as a means or instrument to one's end
	utilize	-	to turn to profitable account; suggests the discovery of a profitable use of employment for a practical purpose

Eliminating Redundancy

Avoid using a phrase when a word will do.

Each redundant phrase below can be reduced to a single word—without any loss in meaning.

Redundant Phrase	Single Word	Redundant Phrase	Single Word
along the lines of	like	because of the fact that	because
as a consequence	consequently	reason is because	because

Redundant Phrase	Single Word	Redundant Phrase	Single Word
at this point in time	now	whether or not	whether
in the near future	soon	the question as to whether	whether
at an early date	soon	in order to	to
at a later date	later	for the purpose of	for
under date of	dated	for the reason that	for
at all times	always	for this reason	therefore
in all circumstances/cases	always	in terms of	in
in the majority of instances	often, usually	by means of	by
in some circumstances	sometimes	in the neighborhood of	about
in a number of cases	sometimes	in close proximity	near
the majority of	most	in regard to	regarding, about
a large number of	many	with regard to	regarding, about
many in number	many	with reference to	about
few in number	few	concerning the matter of	about
preparatory to	before	take the place of	substitute
prior to	before	cost the sum of	sum
subsequent to	after	feel free to	please
inasmuch as	as, since	we ask you to	please
with the exception of	except	of a confidential nature	confidential
until such time that	until	small in size	small
in the event that	if	field of economics	economics
provided that	if	at a rapid rate	rapidly
due to the fact that	due	in a satisfactory manner	satisfactorily
despite the fact that	despite	on a personal basis	personally
in spite of the fact that	although	in the same way	similarly

Appendix 3

FILIPINO TERMS COMMONLY USED

The following words are commonly used in DepEd Issuances and official communications.

A
ahensiya
aksyon
aktibidad
aktibo
alinsunod
alituntunin
angkla
ano-ano
anuman
aspekto
awdit/odit
ayon
В
bago
baitang
bansa
base
batayan
bawat
bigyang daan
bilang
bisa
buwan
K
kabuuan
kagawaran
kahit
kailangan
kalakip
kalihim
kamag-aral

kaniya- kaniyang
kaugnay
klase
karagdagan
katwiran
kautusan
Kautusang Pangkagawaran
kawaksing kalihim
komisyon
kawanihan
kinauukukan
kinakailangan
kompleto
konsultasyon
kopya
kultura
kumperensiya
kurikulum
kuro-kuro
D
daglian
dibisyon
diksiyunaryo
direktor
distansiya
diyalogo
dokumento
donasyon
E
ekonomya
elementarya
empleado

eskuwela
estandardisado
estratehiya C
G
gaganapin
ganap
gawad
gawain
gayon din
gayon pa man
gayundin
gayunpaman
grado
guro
gumagalang
Н
hangad
hanggang
hiling
hinggil
hinihiling
humigit
I
iba't ibang
iba-ibang
ika-10 atbp
ikalawa
ikaw raw
ikinalulungkot
iminungkahi
impluwensiya
impormasyon
indeks
indibidwal
inaasahan
inisyatibo
intelektuwal
inyo
ipagbigay-alam
ipasa
isagawa
isinasaad
isinasaad isagawa

	skedyul
i	skolar
i	skul
i	speling
i	sports
J	<u> </u>
I	,
l.	ayunin
l.	eksiyon
l.	ektyur
l:	iham
l:	inaw
l:	ingguhan
l	isensiya
l	okal
1:	ubos
1:	ungsod
I.	
r	naaari din/rin
r	nakabansa
r	naka-Diyos
	nakaPilipino
	nakakalikasan
r	nakaragdag
	nakatao
r	nakipag-ugnayan
	nakita
r	nakatuwiran
r	nag-aaral
	nag-indorso
	nag-isa
	naglathala
	nagrekomenda
	nagsumite
	nagulo
	nahikayat
	nagganyak
	nahalaga
	naipasa
	naipatupad
	namamayan
	natutuhan
	пауа-тауа

me	emorandum
	emorandum Pangkaga- aran
mı	ıla
	ıngkahi
N	
na	аауоп
	kasaad
na	gaanunsiyo
na	gpapataas
	kapaloob
0	
opi	isina
	isyal
P	
pa	aralan
pa	g-aaral
pa	gbabago
	gbasa
	gkasunod-sunod
pa	gdiriwang
pa	g-iindorso
pa	glilipat
pa	g-oorganisa
pa	gpapalaganap
pa	gpapaunlad
	gtuturo
pa	g-unawa
pa	halagahan
pa	ksa
pa	kikilahok
pa	lagian
pa	magat
ра	mamagitan
pa	mantayan
pa	mbansa
pa	mpamahalaan
pa	mpanguluhan
pa	mpolitika
	mpubliko
	mpribado
pa	пауат

pangalawang kalihim
pangkagawaran
pangulo
pangwika
panrehiyon
para
paraan
pasiya
patakaran
patungkol
petsa
pinag-isa
politiko
 presentasyon
produksiyon
programa
proyekto
pruweba
publikasyon
punong guro
punong tagamasid
R
R realidad
realidad
realidad reoryentasyon
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S sakop
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S sakop saliksik
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S sakop saliksik samakatuwid
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S sakop saliksik samakatuwid samantala
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S sakop saliksik samakatuwid samantala sampung
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S sakop saliksik samakatuwid samantala sampung sampungdaan
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S sakop saliksik samakatuwid samantala sampung sampungdaan sanggunian
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S sakop saliksik samakatuwid samantala sampung sampungdaan sanggunian sanlibo sapagkat sapat
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S sakop saliksik samakatuwid samantala sampung sampungdaan sanggunian sanlibo sapagkat
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S sakop saliksik samakatuwid samantala sampung sampungdaan sanggunian sanlibo sapagkat sapat
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S sakop saliksik samakatuwid samantala sampung sampungdaan sanggunian sanlibo sapagkat sapat seleksiyon
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S sakop saliksik samakatuwid samantala sampung sampungdaan sanggunian sanlibo sapagkat sapat seleksiyon serye
realidad reoryentasyon reyalisasyon S sakop saliksik samakatuwid samantala sampung sampungdaan sanggunian sanlibo sapagkat sapat seleksiyon serye sibiko

	sulat
	sumusunod
	т
	tagamasid
	tagapamanihala
	tagapangulo
	talatuntunan
	talumpati
	teksto
	tema
	tig-isa
	timpalak
	tradisyon
	tulad
	tuntungan
	U
	ukol
	ulit-ulitin
	umaasa
	w
	wika
	worksyap
-	

Appendix 4

ORGANIZATIONAL TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AA – Agency to Agency

A&E – Accreditation and Equivalency
ABC – Approved Budget for the Contract

ADMs – Alternative Delivery Modes
AIP – Annual improvement Plan

ALIVE - Arabic Language and Islamic Values Education

ALS – Alternative Learning System
AMD – Asset Management Division

AMP - Alternative Methods of Procurement

AO – Administrative Officer
AP – Araling Panlipunan

APDS – Automatic Payroll Deduction System

APP – Annual Procurement Plan
APR – Agency Procurement Request

AR – Activity Request

ARD - Assistant Regional Director

ARMM - Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao

AS – Administrative Service

ASDS – Assistant Schools Division Superintendent
ASEAN – Association of Southeast Asian Nations

ASP - Adopt-a-School Program

ATC - Authority To Conduct

AY - Annual Year/Academic Year

BAC - Bids and Awards Committee

BCD - Bureau of Curriculum Development

BEA - Bureau of Education Assessment

BEC - Basic Education Curriculum

BED - Budget Execution Document

BEEA - Basic Education Exit Assessment

BEFF - Basic Education Facilities Fund

BEIS - Basic Education Information System

BEP – Bilingual Education Policy

BESRA – Basic Education Sector Reform Agenda
BEST – Basic Education Sector Transformation

BHROD - Bureau of Human Resource and Organizational Development

BLD – Bureau of Learning Delivery

BLP – Basic Literacy Program

BLR - Bureau of Learning Resources

BLSS - Bureau of Learner Support Services

BOSY – Beginning of School Year
BTC – Baguio Teachers Camp
BUB – Bottom-up Budgeting

CALABARZON - Cavite, Laguna, Batangas, Rizal and Quezon

CAO – Chief Administrative Officer
CAR – Cordillera Administrative Region

CAR – Children-at-Risk

CAV - Certification, Authentication, and Verification

CCA - Climate Change AdaptationCCT - Conditional Cash Transfer

CEPS - Chief Education Program Specialist

CES - Career Executive Service

CESB - Career Executive Service Board

CGP – Career Guidance Program
CI – Curriculum and Instruction

CICL – Children in Conflict with the Law
CID – Curriculum Implementation Division

CLMD - Curriculum and Learning Management Division

CMD - Contract Management Division

CMIs - Centrally Managed Items

CPD - Continuing Professional Development

CO – Central Office

CoS – Contract of Service

CPP – Child Protection Policy

CSC MC – Civil Service Commission Memorandum Circular
CSDD – Curriculum Standards Development Division

CSE - Comprehensive Sexuality Education

CSO – Civil Society Organization
CTO – Compensatory Time-Off

CY – Calendar Year

DALSC – District ALS Coordinator

DBM-PS - Department of Budget and Management-Procurement Service

DCP – DepEd Computerization Program

DepEd – Department of Education

DEPS – Division Education Program Supervisor

DITP – Division Implementation Training Plan

DKS/C – Division Kindergarten Supervisor/Coordinator

DLP - Daily Lesson Plan

DM - DepEd Memorandum

DMOS - DepEd Manual of Style

DO – DepEd Order

DORP – Dropout Reduction Program

DRRM - Disaster Risk Reduction and Management

DRRMS - Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Service
DSMVIM - DepEd Service Marks and Visual Identity Manual

DTC – Division Testing Coordinator
DV – Disbursement Voucher

EAD - Education Assessment Division

EAMD - Employee Account Management Division

EBEIS - Enhanced Basic Education Information System

ECARP – Every Child a Reader Program

ECCD – Early Childhood Care and Development

ECE – Early Childhood Education
ECR – Electronic Class Record

EDPPs - Education Development Programs and Projects

EFA – Education for All

EFD - Education Facilities Division

E-GASTPE – Expanded Government Assistance to Students and Teachers in Private

Education

EGMA – Early Grade Math Assessment

EGRA – Early Grade Reading Assessment

EHCP – Essential Health Care Program

eHRIS – Enterprise Human Resource Information System

EICS – Education, Information and Communication Services

e-IMPACT - Enhanced Instructional Management by Parents, Community, and Teachers

ELLN – Early Language, Literacy and Numeracy

ELLNA – Early Language, Literacy and Numeracy Assessment
EMISD – Educational Management Information System Division

EMT - Educational Management Test

EO – Executive Order
EOSY – End of School Year

EPDU – Education Programs Delivery Unit

EPP – Edukasyon Pantahanan at Pangkabuhayan

EPS – External Partnerships Service
EPS – Education Program Specialist
EPT – English Proficiency Test
ERF – Equivalent Records Form

ES – Elementary School

ESC – Education Service Contracting
EsP – Edukasyon sa Pagpapakatao

ESSD - Education Support Services Division

EWS - Education Voucher System

EWD - Employees Welfare Division

EWSC - Eight-Week Summer Curriculum

F&A – Finance and Administration
FAP – Foreign-Assisted Project

FAPE – Fund for Assistance to Private Education

FGD - Focus Group Discussion

FLEMMS - Functional Literacy, Education, and Mass Media Survey

FOI - Freedom of Information

FY – Fiscal Year

GAA – General Appropriations Act

GAAAO – General Appropriations Act as Allotment Order

GAD – Gender and Development

GAM – Government Accounting Manual
GARO – General Allotment Release Order

GAS - General Academic Strand

GASTPE - Government Assistance to Students and Teachers in Private Education

GCC – General Conditions of Contract
GFI – Government Financial Institution

GOCC - Government-Owned and/or-Controlled Corporation

GPP – Gulayan Sa Paaralan Project

GPPB – Government Procurement Policy Board

GPPB-TSO - GPPB-Technical Support Office

GPRA – Government Procurement Reform Act (RA 9184)

GS - Goods and Services
GSD - General Services Division
HEI - Higher Education Institution

HEKASI – Heograpiya, Kasaysayan, at Sining

HOPE – Head of Procuring Entity

HRDD – Human Resource Development DivisionHRTD – Human Resource Training and Development

HUC – Highly Urbanized CityIA – Internal Assessment

IAEB – Invitation to Apply to Eligibility and to Bid

IAS – Internal Audit Service

ICB – International Competitive Bidding

ICTS - Information and Communications Technology Service

IFI – International Finance Institution

IM – Instructional MaterialINSET – In-service Training

IPCRF – Individual Performance Commitment Review Form

IPEd - Indigenous Peoples Education
 IPO - Indigenous Peoples Organization
 IPR - Intellectual Property Rights

IP – Indigenous Peoples

IRR - Implementing Rules and Regulations

IS – Integrated School

IT - Information Technology
 ITB - Instructions to Bidders
 IU - Implementing Unit
 JHS - Junior High School

JICA – Japan International Cooperation Agency

JO – Job Order

JVA – Joint Venture Agreement K to 12 – Kindergarten to Grade 12

KECP - Kindergarten Education Catch Up Education Program

KEGC - Kindergarten Education General Curriculum

KEP – Kindergarten Education Program
 KMP – Kindergarten Madrasah Program

KRA – Key Result Area

KRP – Kindergarten Regular Program

KRT – Key Reform Thrusts

KSAs – Knowledge, Skills, and Attitudes
KSP – Kindergarten Summer Program
KVP – Kindergarten Volunteer Program

LAC – Learning Action Cell

LAPG - Language Assessment for Primary Grades

LCC – Literacy Coordinating Council

LDDAP-ADA – List of Due and Demandable Accounts Payable – Advice to Debit Accounts

LET – Licensure Examination for Teachers

LGU – Local Government Unit

LIS – Learner Information System

LLOU – Lower Level Operating Unit

LMS - Learning Materials

LMS - Last Mile School

LOI - Letter of Instruction

LRMDS - Learning Resources Management and Development System

LRN – Learner Reference Number

LRPD - Learning Resources Production Division

LRQAD - Learning Resources Quality Assurance Division

LUCs – Local Universities and Colleges

ManCom – Management Committee

MAPEH - Music, Art, Physical Education, and Health

MC - Memorandum Circular

M&E - Monitoring and Evaluation

MDG - Millennium Development Goal

MDP - Monthly Disbursements Program

MDS - Modified Disbursement Scheme

MEP - Madrasah Education Program

MIMAROPA – Mindoro, Marinduque, Romblon and Palawan
MISOSA – Modified In-School/Off-School Approach

MOA – Memorandum of Agreement

MOOE – Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses

MOU – Memorandum of Understanding

MPBF – Miscellaneous Personnel Benefits Fund MPPE – Multigrade in Philippine Education

MT – Master Teacher

MTB-MLE – Mother Tongue-Based Multilingual Education

MTOT – Mass Training of Teachers

MTPDP – Medium-Term Philippine Development Plan

NAT – National Achievement Test

NATCAC – National Competency Assessment and Certification

NBC – National Budget Circular
NBT – National Board of Trustees

NC – National Certificate

NCA – Notice of Cash Allocation

NCAE - National Career Assessment Examination

NCR – National Capital Region

NDEP – National Drug Education Program

NEAP - National Educators Academy of the Philippines

NEAP-R - National Educators Academy of the Philippines at the Region

NEDA - National Economic and Development Authority

NEPP – National English Proficiency Program

NEU – National Employees Union

NFOT – National Festival of Talents

NGA – National Government Agency

NGO – Nongovernment Organization

NGP – National Greening Program

NQESH - National Qualifying Examination for School Heads

NKCG – National Kindergarten Curriculum Guide

NP – Negotiated Procurement

NSPC - National Schools Press Conference

NSSPAA - National Secondary School Paper Advisers Association

NTHP – Net Take Home Pay
NTP – Notice to Proceed

NSMW - National School Maintenance Week

NSTIC – National Science Teaching Instrumentation Center

NTOT – National Training of Trainers

NTWG - National Technical Working Group

OAS - Organization, Administration and Supervision

OAS-SPED - Organization, Administration and Supervision of Special Education

OBE – Oplan Balik Eskwela

OBE IATF – Oplan Balik Eskwela Inter-Agency Task Force
OBEIAC – Oplan Balik Eskwela Information Action Center

OBE-PACC – Oplan Balik Eskwela Public Assistance Command Center

OED - Organization Effectiveness Division

OHSP – Open High School Program

OM – Office Memorandum

OO – Office Order

OPDNSP - Organizational and Professional Development for Non-School Based

Personnel

ORS - Obligation Request and Status

OS – Obligation Slip

OSC – Out-of-School Children
OSY – Out-of-School Youth

OSYA – Out-of-School Youth and Adult

OSec – Office of the Secretary

OPCRF - Office Performance Commitment Review Form

PAAC – Public Assistance Action Center

PAS - Public Affairs Service

PAS-CD – Public Affairs Service-Communications Division
PAS-PD – Public Affairs Service-Publications Division
PBAC – Prequalification, Bids and Awards Committee

PBB – Performance-Based Bonus
PBDs – Philippine Bidding Documents

PD - Presidential Decree

PDD - Project Development Division
PDD - Professional Development Division

PEAC – Private Education Assistance Committee
PEPT – Philippine Educational Placement Test

PF – Provident Fund

PhilGEPS – Philippine Government Electronic Procurement System

PIRLS - Progress in International Reading Literacy Study

PLIs – Private Lending Institutions
PMD – Project Management Division

PMIS - Program Management Information System

PMO – Project Management Office

PMT – Performance Management Team

POR – Payroll and Obligation Request

PPAs – Programs, Projects, and Activities

PPD – Planning and Programming Division

PPMD - Procurement Planning and Management Division

PPMP – Project Procurement Management Plan

PPP – Public–Private Partnership

PPPP (4Ps) – Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program
PRC – Professional Regulation Commission

PRD – Planning Research and Development Division

PS – Planning Service PS – Personnel Services PSB – Personnel Selection Board
PSF – Program Support Fund

PSDS - Public Schools District Supervisors

PSOs – Philippine Schools Overseas

PST – Process Skills Test

PPST - Philippine Professional Standards for Teachers

PTA - Parent-Teacher Association
PVP - Proportional Vacation Pay
PVT - Philippine Validating Test
PWD - Persons with Disability
QA - Quality Assurance

QAD - Quality Assurance Division

QEALIS - Qualifying Examination in Arabic Language and Islamic Studies

QS – Qualification Standard

QVR – Qualified Voucher Recipients

RA – Republic Act

RAF – Realignment Advice Form

RAO - Registry of Allotment and Obligations

RATA – Representation and Transportation Allowance

RFI - Request for Information
RFP - Request for Proposal
RFQ - Request for Quotation

RIS - Requisition and Issuance Slip

RELC – Regional Educational Learning Center
REMC – Refined Elementary Madrasah Curriculum

RO – Regional Office

RPMS - Result-Based Performance Management System

RQA - Registry of Qualified Applicants
RSBP - Regular School Building Program
RSHSs - Regional Science High Schools

RSMC – Refined Standard Madrasah Curriculum

RSPC – Regional Schools Press Conference RTAP – Regional Technical Assistance Plan

RTC – Regional Testing Coordinator

RTIP – Regional Training Implementation Plan
SAO – Supervising Administrative Officer

SALN - Statement of Assets and Liabilities and Net worth

SBR - Special Budget Request

SARDO - Students at Risk of Dropping Out
SARO - Special Allotment Release Order
SBFP - School-Based Feeding Program
SBIS - School Building Information System

SBM - School-Based Management

SBMDP - School-Based Management Development Program

SCPD - Special Curricular Programs Division
SDD - Solutions Development Division

SDG - Sustainable Development Goal

SDO - Schools Division Office

SDS - Schools Division Superintendent

SEAMEO - Southeast Asian Ministers of Education Organization Regional Center

INNOTECH for Educational Innovation and Technology

SEC - Securities and Exchange Commission

SED – School Effectiveness Division

SEPS - Senior Education Program Specialist

SF – School Form

SGC - School Governing Council

SGOD - School Governance and Operations Division

SH - School Head

SHD – School Health Division
SHS – Senior High School

SHS SIDs – Senior High School Student IDs SHSSP – Senior High School Support Program

SHS VMS - Senior High School Voucher Management System

SHS VP – Senior High School Voucher Program

SID – Student Inclusion Division
SIP – School Improvement Plan

SL – Sick Leave

SPA – Special Program in Arts

SPED – Special Education

SPG – Supreme Pupil Government
SPJ – Special Program in Journalism

SPFL – Special Program for Foreign Language

SPL – Special Privilege Leave SPS – Special Program in Sports

SRC – School Report Card

SReYA - School Readiness Yearend Assessment

SSD - School Sports Division

SSES – Special Science Elementary School
SSG – Supreme Student Government

STEP - Student Technologists and Entrepreneurs of the Philippines

STEP-NSDC - Student Technologists and Entrepreneurs of the Philippines-National Skills

Development and Competitions

STRIVE - Strengthening the Implementation of Basic Education in Selected

Provinces in the Visayas

STVEP - Strengthened Technical-Vocational Education Program

SUCs - State Universities and Colleges

SVPES - Supervising Education Program Specialist

SVP - Small Value Procurement

SY - School Year

TA – Technical Assistance

TEC – Teacher Education Council

TEPT – Test of English Proficiency for Teachers

TGs – Teaching Guides

THE – Technology and Home Economics
TID – Technology Infrastructure Division

TIMSS - Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study

TIP – Teacher Induction Program

TL - Terminal Leave

TLD – Teaching and Learning Division
TLE – Technology and Livelihood Education

TMC - Trainer Methodology Certificate

TOT - Training of Trainers
TOR - Terms of Reference

TPR – Total Physical Response
TSS – Teacher Salary Subsidy

TVE – Technical-Vocational Education

TVET - Technical-Vocational Education and Training

TVIs - Technical-Vocational Institutions
TVL - Technical-Vocational-Livelihood
TWC - Technical Working Committee
TWG - Technical Working Group
UAN - Unique Applicant Number

UNCRC – United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child

UNESCO - United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization

UNICEF – United Nations Children's Fund

UPLC-ONAR - University of the Philippines Law Center-Office of National Administrative

Register

USD – User Support Division VA – Voucher Applicant

VAC – Violence Against Children
VAF – Voucher Application Form
VAW – Violence Against Women

VAWC - Violence Against Women and Children

VL - Vacation Leave

VMS - Voucher Management System

VP – Voucher Program

VPB - Voucher Program Beneficiaries
 WASH - Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene

WatSan Water and Sanitation
WFP - Work and Financial Plan

WINS - Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene in Schools

YFD - Youth Formation Division

Appendix 5

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICIAL ISSUANCES AND LETTERS

DepEd Issuances are official documents containing policies, procedures, or information released and signed by the Secretary or other authorized officials. DepEd issuances, like the DepEd Order, DepEd Memorandum, Unnumbered Memorandum, Office Order, Office Memorandum and Advisory vary in their content effect, duration, and activity. For brevity, it is suggested that the titles of DepEd issuances be two lines at most.

A **DepEd Order (DO)** contains policies promulgated by the Central Office, which are general or permanent in nature. It is signed by the Secretary as the *alter ego* of the President. It is department-wide or nationwide in scope, and is usually long-term in nature unless rescinded or amended by another DO.

The DO has 16 elements, as follows:

- 1. The letterhead, which includes the DepEd seal, and the agency name in Old English Text MT:
- 2. Date of release or approval;
- 3. Control number, with year series (s.);
- 4. Title of the DO;
- 5. Officials concerned, policy proponents and implementers, and stakeholders;
- 6. Statement of the policy;
- 7. Objectives of the policy;
- 8. Statement on new provision, repealing, rescinding, or modifying previous provisions;
- 9. Statement of publication and effectivity;
- 10. Closing statement, which directs the dissemination of DO (through the DepEd website) and the strict compliance of all concerned;
- 11. Signature of the Secretary;
- 12. Statement of enclosure/s (if any);
- 13. Related and/or repealed previous issuances used as references;
- 14. Classification in Perpetual Index for easy reference and research;
- 15. Tracer, which includes the initial/name of encoder, file name of DO, assigned tracking number, and date prepared; and
- 16. Footer, which includes the address of DepEd, contact numbers, and website.

Sample Format of DepEd Order



Department of Education

2 space-	00 Jan 2018 2	
	DepEd ORDER	
1 space-	No. 00 , s. 2018 3	
	MAECENAS PORTTITOR CONGUE MASSA 4	
1 space-		
	To: Undersecretaries Assistant Secretaries	
	Bureau and Service Directors	
	Regional Directors 5	
	Schools Division Superintendents Public Elementary and Secondary School Heads	
	All Others Concerned	
1 space-		
	1. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Maecenas porttitor	
	congue massa. Fusce posuere, magna sed pulvinar ultricies, purus lectus malesuada libero, sit amet commodo magna eros quis urna. Nunc viverra imperdiet enim.	6
1 space-	instro, on amer commodo magna cros quie arra. Trano Tiverra imperator cimin.	
	2. Fusce est. Vivamus a tellus. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et	7
	netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Proin pharetra nonummy pede. Mauris et orci. Aenean nec lorem. In porttitor. Donec laoreet nonummy augue.	
1 space -	{	
	3. Suspendisse dui purus, scelerisque at, vulputate vitae, pretium mattis, nunc.	_
	Mauris eget neque at sem venenatis eleifend. Ut nonummy. Fusce aliquet pede non	8
1 space-	pede.	
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	feugiat ligula.	
1 space -	5. Donec hendrerit, felis et imperdiet euismod, purus ipsum pretium metus, in	_
	lacinia nulla nisl eget sapien.	10
5 space-		
	JUAN A. DE LA CRUZ	
1 space –	Secretary	
1 opuce	Encl.: As stated 12	
	Reference: N o n e	
	To be indicated in the <u>Perpetual Index</u>	
1 space -	under the following subjects: 13	
1 space -	CURRICULUM LEARNERS	
	FUNDS RULES AND REGULATIONS 14	
	POLICY SCHOOLS	
2 space-		
	ABC/DO-Maecenas Porititor 15	
	0784/January 00, 0000	
DenEd C	Complex Meralco Avenue, Pasig City 1600 633-0000/ 16 1/632-0002 636-0003/637-0004 www.dened.	auz

Basic Contents of the Policy Guidelines to be Enclosed to DepEd Order/Office Order

(Based on DepEd Order No. 13, s. 2015 - Establishment of a Policy Development Process at the Department of Education)

I. Rationale

Brief background of issue to be addressed Reason/s behind creation of policy Purpose of the policy

II. Scope

Coverage of the policy, which may be in terms of subject matter, stakeholders affected, or jurisdiction

III. Definition of Terms (as applicable)

Meaning of terms as used in the policy, especially if terms are frequently used and are unclear

IV. Policy Statement

Principles, rules, or standards that the order seeks to uphold

V. Procedures

Steps or instructions, systems or mechanisms for implementing the policy Actors and their roles and responsibilities; timetables (as applicable)

VI. Monitoring and Evaluation

Mechanisms, time frame and other provisions for progress monitoring and policy evaluation

VII. References

Related and relevant DepEd issuances used as reference for further policy research

VIII. Effectivity/Transitory Provision (as applicable)

Date or period of application, including interim measures

A **DepEd Memorandum (DM)** disseminates instructions, information, or related matters, including the (i) creation of committees or task forces; (ii) submission of lists or reports; (iii) announcement of celebrations, surveys, holidays, examinations, contests, or results thereof; (iv) conference or seminars conducted by the bureaus, centers, services, units, and divisions; and (v) reiteration of regulations or laws issued by other agencies and departments.

A DM may provide the detailed procedures for implementing established laws or policies of the DepEd or other government agencies. It is signed by the Secretary if it is department-wide in scope, or this is delegated to the Undersecretary of each strand in cases of limited application or for specific application only.

The DM has 17 elements, as follows:

- 1. The letterhead, which includes the DepEd seal, and the agency name in Old English Text MT;
- 2. Date of release or approval;
- 3. Control number, with year series (s.);
- 4. Title of the DM;
- 5. Officials concerned, policy proponents and implementers, and stakeholders;
- Statement of the activity;
- 7. Objectives of the activity
- 8. Statement of the enclosure in support of the activity;
- 9. Target participants;
- 10. Contact details of project proponent;
- 11. Closing statement, which directs the dissemination of the DM (through the DepEd website);
- 12. Signature of the Secretary;
- 13. Statement of enclosure/s (if any);
- 14. Related and/or repealed previous issuances used as references (if any);
- 15. Classification in Perpetual Index for easy reference and research;
- 16. Tracer, including the initials or name of encoder, file name of DM, assigned tracking number, and date prepared; and
- 17. Footer, which includes the address of DepEd, contact numbers, and website.

Sample Format of DepEd Memorandum



Department of Education

2 space –	00 Jan 2018 2
	DepEd MEMORANDUM No. 000, s. 2018
1 space -	000, 31233
·	MAGNA SED PULVINAR ULTRICIES, PURUS LECTUS MALESUADA LIBERO, SIT AMET COMMODO MAGNA EROS QUIS URNA
1 space-	
	To: Undersecretaries
	Assistant Secretaries
	Bureau and Service Directors Regional Secretary, ARMM
	Regional Directors 5
	Schools Division Superintendents
	Public Elementary and Secondary School Heads
	All Others Concerned
1 space -	
	1. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Maecenas porttitor congue
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	Doloremque Vicissim (CEDERE), Destitutus Praesentia ab Eorum et procinctu hac. (28) 449-
	_7715 ullam 826 ad (31) 134-9118, ac servata etiam posuere: netus@hac.cum.ad.
1 space-	
	6. Consensit departitionem te ullo Personarum si joannes. 11
Г	
5 space -	
	JUAN A. DE LA CRUZ
	Secretary 12
1 space-	
	Encl.: As stated 13
	Reference: N o n e
	To be indicated in the Perpetual Index
1 space-	under the following subjects:
1 Space	CURRICULUM LEARNERS 15
	RULES AND REGULATIONS SCHOOLS 15
2 cnc	
2 spaces	
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A **Memorandum** with Limited Application is similar to a DepEd Memorandum, but is limited only to regions or offices. It is limited in scope.

The 13 elements of a Memorandum are the following:

- 1. The letterhead, which includes the DepEd seal, with the agency name in Old English Text MT;
- 2. Date of release or approval;
- 3. Control number with year series (s.);
- 4. Officials concerned, policy proponents and implementers, and stakeholders;
- 5. Title of the Memorandum;
- 6. Statement of the activity;
- 7. Objectives of the activity;
- 8. Target participants;
- 9. Contact details of the project proponent;
- 10. Closing statement for dissemination of the Memorandum (to regions and divisions concerned through email);
- 11. Signature of the Underecretary of their specific area of concern or strand;
- 12. Tracer, including the initials or name of encoder, file name of UM, assigned tracking number, and date prepared; and
- 13. Footer, which includes the address of DepEd, contact numbers, and website.

Sample Format of Memorandum with Limited Application



Department of Education

2 spaces -					00	Jan 2018 2	2
l	OFFICI No.	E MEMORANDUM 000 , s. 2018	3				
1 space-	To:	Regional Directors Schools Division Su Public Elementary a All Others Concerne	and Secondary Sc) Region I, V, XI, X) Division of Mabu]
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DepEd C	omplex, M	feralco Avenue, Pasig City	1600 633-0000	/633-00 13 00	002 636-0003/63	7-0004 www.dep	ed.gov.ph

An **Office Order (OO)** contains operational guidelines, rules, and procedures on matters of internal administration of DepEd's bureaus, centers, units, or offices. It also includes notices of human resource actions or decisions. It is signed by the Secretary or the concerned Undersecretary; Assistant Secretaries; or heads of bureaus, services, or offices. Its concerns are usually limited to a bureau or unit at the Central Office, hence, it only applies to limited officials and staff at the Central Office. Its application is usually short term or temporary.

The 10 elements of an OO are the following:

- 1. The letterhead, which includes DepEd seal, and the agency name in Old English Text MT;
- 2. Date of release or approval;
- 3. Control number with year series (s.);
- 4. Title of the OO;
- 5. Officials concerned, policy proponents and implementers, and stakeholders;
- 6. Statement of the policy;
- 7. Closing statement for the dissemination of the OO (within DepEd Central Office);
- 8. Signature of the Secretary;
- 9. Tracer, which includes the initials or name of encoder, file name of the OO, assigned tracking number, and date prepared; and
- 10. Footer, which includes the address of DepEd, contact numbers, and website.

Sample Format of Office Order



Department of Education

	Bepartment of Contation
2 space	00 Jan 2018 2
	OFFICE ORDER OO-OSEC-2018-001 3
1 space-	CORPORE REGNANDUM EA NEC PROPONENDO AC EROS EX REGNUM HARUSEN 4
1 space-	CORTORE REGISTRATION EN NECTROTORIENDO NO ENCOS EN REGISTRATION INTROSERV
	Fo: Undersecretaries Assistant Secretaries Bureau and Service Directors All Others Concerned
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1 space-	October retires similare multi-inverse and Editor Court Burtile 111/11
i	2. Conferre patiens, similique gallicismum, est Etiam, Sequi Fustibus, nisi (relinquo) usto ab qui arripio francisci ea Scientibus eu Ordinem dis Contrarium si Arcu/Enim/Metus si Justo ac Domina persona fuga minaci/actiones.
7	3. Eum maiestatem et leo fustibus atque colubros animi qui respectu ea securitas est Vicissitudinem est Mirum quo Securitatis Ultimam diam trnerabunt dui sunt inimicus, il regnandum te aut solatium id est semente.
1 space-	4. Non naturalem si nisi Assum alias custos intestina fugit brevibus ab urgeant.
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_5	5. Dulcedine calculationem et eos vivitp magnatibus iste iste Porro te quidquid. 7
5 spaces	
	JUAN A. DE LA CRUZ Secretary
5 spaces	
	ABC/DO- Corpore Regnandum Ea Nec 9

DepEd Complex, Meralco Avenue, Pasig City 1600 633-000 10 001/632-0002 636-0003/637-0004 www.deped.gov.ph

An **Office Memorandum (OM)** disseminates instructions or information on officials, personnel, and staff from the Central Office. It is signed by the Secretary or the undersecretary; assistant secretaries; or heads of bureaus, services, or offices concerned. Its concerns are limited to a bureau or unit at the Central Office, hence, it only applies to limited officials and staff at the Central Office. Its application is usually short term or temporary.

The 11 elements of an OM are the following:

- 1. The letterhead, which includes DepEd seal, and the agency name in Old English Text MT;
- 2. Date of release or approval;
- 3. Title of the OM;
- 4. Officials concerned, policy proponents and implementers, and stakeholders;
- 5. Statement of the activity;
- 6. Objectives of issuing the activity;
- 7. Date and venue of the activity;
- 8. Closing statement for the dissemination of the OM (within DepEd Central Office);
- 9. Signature of the Secretary;
- 10. Tracer, which includes the initials or name of encoder, file name of the OM, assigned tracking number, and date prepared; and
- 11. Footer, which includes the address of DepEd, contact numbers, and website.

Sample Format of Office Memorandum



	Department of Education
2 space	00 Jan 2018 2
l	OFFICE ORDER OO-OSEC-2018-001 3
space-{	
space-	CORPORE REGNANDUM EA NEC PROPONENDO AC EROS EX REGNUM HARUSEN 4
opaco [To: Undersecretaries
	Assistant Secretaries Bureau and Service Directors All Others Concerned
space-{	All Others Concerned
	1. Fortuna 0(9), Seacula 5, Urna ME, Assumpsit Massa Ea. 759 fidelitatem vel Consultationis Unde at 3719 absentem nisi aut Prosperis nec leo earum nec ultrices te lectores scientiam in jormavit per sessionem eaque est factiosus te apprecando sint wisiUnde.
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1	5. Dulcedine calculationem et eos vivitp magnatibus iste iste Porro te quidquid. 7
spaces -	
	WANA DE LA COM
	JUAN A. DE LA CRUZ Secretary
spaces-	
L	ABC/DO- Corpore Regnandum Ea Nec 9
DepEd Co	omplex, Meralco Avenue, Pasig City 1600 4633-000 10 001/632-0002 636-0003/637-0004 www.deped.gc

An **Advisory** emanates from organizations and agencies and announces programs or activities; scholarships; and training opportunities for supervisors, school heads, teachers, and learners. Participants may attend such activities on a voluntary basis; hence, traveling expenses and registration fees are charged to personal accounts. Advisory concerns may be department-wide or may be specific in application. Its application is usually short term or temporary.

An advisory is issued in accordance with the procedures of DepEd Order No. 8, s. 2013 titled *Policy Guidelines on Regulating the Issuance of DepEd Advisories*.

The nine elements are indicated below.

- 1. The letterhead, which includes the following:
 - a. control number with the year series (s);
 - b. date of release or approval;
 - c. in compliance with DepEd Order No. 8, s. 2013;
 - d. the purpose of issuing the Advisory(per DepEd Order No. 28, s. 2001); and
 - e. DepEd website.
- 2. Title
- 3. Statement of the activity
- 4. Objectives of issuing the activity
- 5. Additional information on the activity
- 6. Target participants
- 7. DepEd Order No. 9, s. 2005 (Time-on-Task Policy), and Section 3 of Republic Act No. 5546 (Policy on Contributions) and DepEd Order No. 66, s. 2017 (Policy on Off-Campus Activities), if needed
- 8. Contact details of project proponent
- 9. Tracer, which includes the initials or name of assigned personnel who encoded, file name, assigned tracking number, and date prepared

Sample Format of an Advisory

Advisory No. ____, s. 2018 January ___, 2018 In compliance with DepEd Order (DO) No. 8, s. 2013 this advisory is issued not for endorsement per DO 28, s. 2001, but only for the information of DepEd officials, personnel/staff, as well as the concerned public. (Visit www.deped.gov.ph) 1 space SUPPONEBAM AVOCARE EU OPPRESSOR EU SUPPONEBAM PROPER MASSA 1 space -Rem Subsequi eu Inncem Politius (NEC) ac consumere me Apprecando Occidas ad Dennuntio ab Fridericus Deorum Donec ac sessionem orci Rerum succubam 3 Proponent 4510 ac At. Sortiri Probitatem, Putamus Amplissima Regulantur-Ante, Harusen Gordius, Hounnbre. 1 space -Per minatur me medicus ad cum eum consumere 1 space -1. cumulabat sed est't quasi orci diutius ad praefixum me societatem 4 Silentio eu subsequi ea desertor mi consuetudium ac neque; 2. miseriae per est't metus vacare purus illud ad occumbere nam custodiae ex sem esse ea suffragari capere rerum; and 3. aspirat nec ipsam ea supererant consequatur? ab nam quam me praevalui ab defunctis. 1 space Quo iucunda ea nobilis eros ea pactum ac testantur ab est't netus duis te eodem fioniam eu religuias in recentem. Deprehensus est ea consulta-sunt ad est'i arcui unde 5 me eundrm crudelissime. 1 space -Eum sem modo eius ac est't-uidem importunas te exprobrabant seuuntur ea 6 carthaginem in propanendo ex reprehenderim proice ab meretur tui. 1 space √ Eos innumeros ad irrevocabilem ea sem nemo ut sed-risus ac terrestres te persuasiones praesent ad minus gennere ab ea-maiestatem-si-maximum sancli ab 7 reducere ad PurUs Assum Ac. 5, a. 0490 ex quo muneris eu Calamitatis Accessus id Oppressu Numquam Ipsa-ab-Quas cum Consegui Prophetico Rcpublica. 1 space Quos ex nam succedaneus proposuimus, consegui memento te moderni-avocare negotio ad non regressum: 1 space -Ms. Juana M. Dela Cruz Ms. Maliksi A. Mahinhin 8 Senectus ex Sapien Sagittis (REM) 4/A Specie Ditiones, 3017 AC Loquor Id. Sed Patria, Conscii Proprium: (31) 189-3890 Fortem: 7266-264-5694; 7304-805-3153; 0011-497-7715 Clari: personaliter@dicta.rem; mentis.capiat@eaque.rem 3 spaces ABCD/ Supponebam Avocare Eu 0000/January 00, 0000

Citing Enclosures. Cite all enclosures in the main text and number these in the order that they are cited. For a single enclosure, state Enclosure to DepEd Order/DepEd Memorandum rather than Enclosure No. 1. For annexes, label these with numbers.

e.g., (Enclosure No. 1 to DepEd Order No. 2, s. 2013)

(Enclosure to DepEd Memorandum No. 63, s. 2015)

Referencing Style. Cite reference/s in the main text. These are either DepEd Orders (DO) or DepEd Memorandums (DM) with the number and the year series when these were issued. If the DO or DM was cited in the main text, the number and the year series should be in parenthesis.

e.g.,

DepEd Order (No. 1, s. 2016)

DepEd Memorandum (No.1, s. 2016)

If there is more than one reference, they should be written as follows:

DepEd Order: (Nos. 13 and 19, s. 2016)

DepEd Memorandum: (Nos. 16 and 19, s. 2016)

Indicating Subjects (under Perpetual Index) for Research Purposes. Indicate subjects related to the issuance/s for research purposes. Please refer to Appendix 6 on the List of Subjects used in the Perpetual Index, which are arranged alphabetically.

Perpetual Index to Regulations. The Perpetual Index is a document containing the list of subjects appropriate to each DepEd regulation/issuance. This is used as a guide for easy research and quick reference to DepEd regulations/issuances.

The Perpetual Index is prepared through indexing the approved DepEd regulation/issuance by subject(s). The subjects are arranged alphabetically while the regulations are done chronologically.

The Perpetual Index applies only to DepEd orders and memorandums. At the end of the year, this is prepared in a bound copy, and is available at the Public Affairs Service–Publications Division for research purposes.

For the list of subjects used in DepEd orders and memorandums, see Appendix 6.

Assigning Tracking Number. Accurate recording and knowledge of all requests for DepEd issuances is important so that these can be located quickly and efficiently. Hence, a tracking number assigned to each request and issuance upon receipt is essential. Tracking number starts at 001.

Indicating Tracer. The tracer is indicated at the last part of each issuance. It is composed of the initial or name of the assigned encoder, filename and tracking number, followed by the date it was drafted or reformatted by the Publications Division. The title of the issuance is also indicated as file name.

Tracer. The tracer is one of the elements of Department issuances. It is found at the lower left-hand corner of the main text, including the reference/s of the DO or DM. This is used for checking whether the approved DepEd regulation/issuance has been amended or rescinded.

Sample Letter Format

(Option 1: Block)



Department of Education

2 spaces {

April 2, 2019

2 spaces {

MARIA NARLYN N. EUSORES DMS

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetuer adipiscing elit Maecenas porttitor congue massa Fusce posuere

1 space {

Dear **Dr. Eusores**:

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JUAN A. DELA CRUZ

Undersecretary

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0000 PAS-PD ABC

Sample Letter Format

(Option 2: Semi-Block)



Republic of the Philippines Department of Education

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April 2, 2019

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MARIA NARLYN N. EUSORES DMS

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Dear Dr. Eusores:

Rem Subsequi eu Inncem Politius (NEC) ac consumere me Apprecando Occidas ad Dennuntio ab Fridericus Deorum Donec ac sessionem orci Rerum succubam Proponent 4510 ac At. Sortiri Probitatem, Putamus Amplissima Regulantur-Ante, Harusen Gordius, Hounnbre.

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In porttitor.

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Donec laoreet nonummy augue,

3 spaces {

JUAN A. DELA CRUZ Undersecretary

2 spaces {

0000 PAS-PD ABC

Appendix 6

LIST OF SUBJECTS USED IN THE PERPETUAL INDEX

A		
Absences		
Acceleration		
Accreditation		
Admission		
Agricultural Education		
Allocation		
Allotment		
Allowance		
Alternative Learning System		
Amendment		
Appointment		
Appropriations		
Assembly		
Assessment		
Asset		
Assignment/Reassignment		
Athletics		
Attendance		
Audit		
Authentication		
Authority		
Awards		
В		
Basic Education		
Benefits		
Bids and Awards		
Books		
Budget		
Bureaus and Offices		
C		
Calamity		
Calendar, School		
Campaign		
Celebrations and Festivals		
Census		
Centers		
Certificates		

Certification				
Change				
Claims				
Classes				
Classroom				
Clearance				
Clubs				
Committees				
Communications				
Community Development				
Competency				
Complaints				
Computer Education				
Conferences				
Consultant				
Consumer Education				
Contests				
Contracts				
Contributions				
Conventions				
Cooperative Education				
Correspondence				
Council				
Criteria				
Cultural Education				
Culture and Arts				
Curriculum				
D				
Data				
Data (Statistics)				
Deductions				
Delivery				
Diploma				
Discount				
Distance Learning				
Donations				
Drug Education				

E	Learners
Educational Show	Learning Area, Araling Panlipunan
Elections	Learning Area, Edukasyon sa Pagpapakatao
Elementary Education	(EsP)
Eligibility	Learning Area, Edukasyong Pantahanan at
Employees	Pangkabuhayan (EPP)
Employment	Learning Area, English
Enrollment	Learning Area, Filipino
Environmental Education	Learning Area, Guidance Counseling
Equipment	Learning Area, HEKASI (Heograpiya, Kasaysayan, at Sibika at Kultura)
Evaluation	Learning Area, History
Examinations	Learning Area, Mathematics
Exhibits	Learning Area, Music, Arts, Physical Education,
Expenses	and Health
F	Learning Area, Physics
Facilities	Learning Area, Science
Fees	Learning Area, Social Studies
Field Trips	Learning Area, Technology and Home Economics
Flag	Learning Area, Technology and Livelihood
Forms	Education
Funds	Learning Resources
G	Leave
Graduates	Legislations
Graduation	Library
Grant	Lists
н	Literacy
Health Education	Logo
Hiring	M
Holidays	Madrasah Education
Honoraria	Manuals
Human Rights	Media
I	Meetings
Incentive	Mission
Inclusive Education	Monitoring and Evaluation
Indigenous Peoples Education	Music Education
Information Technology	N
Instructional Materials	Nutrition Education
Inventory	0
Investment	Officials
J	Organizations
Junior High School	Orientation
K	P
Kindergarten Education	Partnerships
L	Payment
Language	Peace Education
Laws	Performance

B	0: 71 :		
Permit	Science Education		
Policy	Scouting		
Positions	Seal		
Private Education	Search		
Privileges	Secondary Education		
Prizes	Selection		
Procedure	Seminars		
Procurement	Senior High School		
Programs	Service		
Prohibition	Sexuality Education		
Projects	Sites		
Promotions	Society or Associations		
Properties	Special Education		
Publications	Specializations		
Pupils	Sports		
Purchase	Statistics		
Q	Students		
Qualifications	Superintendents		
R	Supervision		
Rates	Survey		
Ratings	T		
Rationalization	Tardiness		
Reading Education	Tax		
Recall	Teachers		
Recognition	Teachers Camp		
Records	Teaching Load		
Recruitment	Technical Education		
Religion	Tests		
Repair	Textbooks		
Reports	Training Programs		
Requests	Transfer		
Requirements	Travel		
Research or Studies	U		
Resignations	Uniform		
Retirement	United Nations		
Review	Units		
Rights	V		
Rules and Regulations	Values Education		
s	Vehicles		
Safety Education	Visit		
Salary	Vocational Education		
Scholarships	w		
School Paper	Work Hours		
School Building	Workshops		
Schools			
0010010			

Appendix 7

Sections of an Operations Manual

- A. Introduction
- B. Organizational Structure and Office Functions
- C. Legal Bases and References
- D. Definition of Terms and Acronyms
- E. Forms and Templates
- F. Procedures/Flow Charts/Quality Control Plans (QCPs)
- G. Annexes

Guidelines

- A. Manual size should be A4.
- B. Font type is Bookman Old Style, size 11 or 12.
- C. Number of sections and then the pages within the sections. For example, Page 4 of Section 10 would be numbered "10.4." This will save you from having to reprint the entire document each time you make a change.
- D. Indicate a footer showing when the page was last modified.

Style Sources

- Asian Development Bank (ADB). 2011. Handbook of Style and Usage. Manila: ADB.
- Department of Education, Culture and Sports (DECS). 2000. Bureau of Elementary Education (BEE) Stylebook. Pasig City: DECS.
- Merriam-Webster Inc. 2012. *Merriam-Webster's Collegiate Dictionary*, 11th ed. Springfield, Mass.: Merriam-Webster.
- Office of Communications and Marketing, Georgia State University; and J. Mack Robinson College of Business. 2009. *Brand Identity and Design System Manual*. Atlanta: Georgia State University.
- Presidential Communications Development and Strategic Planning Office, Malacañang Palace. 2012. *Comprehensive Usage Manual: Branding Guidelines for Corporate Identity*. Manila: Office of the President, Republic of the Philippines.
- Reader's Digest. 1993. How to Write and Speak Better. New York: Reader's Digest.
- University of Chicago. *The Chicago Manual of Style*, 17th ed. Chicago, IL.: University of Chicago Press.
- Vibal Publishing House. 2014. Vibal Manual of Style. Quezon City: Vibal Publishing House.

DepEd Issuances/Legislations:

- DepEd Order No. 28, s. 2001 on Prohibiting the Commercialization of DECS Organization Through Endorsements and Accreditations of Goods and Services (reiterated in DepEd Order No. 39, s. 2009 on Strict Adherence to DepEd Order No. 28, s 2001).
- Office Order dated December 18, 2002 (Revised Guidelines in the Preparation of DepEd Issuances).
- DepEd Order No. 36, s. 2013 on *Our Department of Education Vision, Mission and Core Values* (DepEd VMV).
- Memorandum from the Office of the President dated July 15, 2013.
- Memorandum from the Office of the President dated February 13, 2014.
- Executive Order No. 4, s, 2010 on Reorganizing and Renaming of the Office of the Press as the Presidential Communications Operations Office; Creating the Presidential Communications Development and Strategic Planning Office; and For Other Purposes.
- Republic Act No. 9155 on Governance of Basic Education Act of 2001.
- Style Manual for the Executive Department (Presidential Communications Development and Strategic Planning Office).

For concerns, please contact:

Public Affairs Service-Publications Division Department of Education Central Office Telephone Nos.: (02) 633-9341/635-3765 Email Address: pas.pd@deped.gov.ph

GUIDELINES ON THE USE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION MANUAL OF STYLE

I. Rationale

- 1. **Brief Background and Problem**. The world is continuously changing, and so with the rules of grammar in the World Englishes, which confuse Filipino writers and learners. To address this problem, the Department of Education (DepEd) shall adopt the American English, and it shall use the *The Chicago Manual of Style* (CMOS) as its official reference, for it is the prescribed manual for most publishing institutions that use American English.
- 2. In an *In-Depth Study on the Public Information System of the Department of Education*, it was recommended that DepEd shall have an official style guide containing sets of standards and guidelines for styling and formatting of agency issuances, and documents for use by the entire Department. This recommendation was included as one of the functions of the Publications Division of the Public Affairs Service. (DepEd Order No. 52, s. 2015 titled New Organizational Structures of the Central, Regional, and Schools Division Offices of the Department of Education.)
- 3. **Reason behind the Creation of policy**. The Publication Division's main function is to set and implement the standards, and guidelines for styling and formatting of the Department issuances. It has researched, consulted, developed, validated, and used the rules of standards before integrating them in the *Department of Education Manual of Style* (DMOS). DMOS has integrated in the DepEd House Style, whic includes common usage within the Department or unique decisions made for specific and practical purposes.
- 4. **Purpose of the Policy**. Firstly, DMOS shall serve as a guide for DepEd officials, personnel, and learners to write clear and concise materials or documents for communication and publication containing DepEd's strategic priorities. Secondly, it shall be used as a reference for formatting and styling of documents and materials to ensure clarity; completeness of information; conciseness; and consistency in spelling, grammar, punctuation, hyphenation, capitalization, typeface, and abbreviation, among other rules. Thirdly, it shall facilitate the process, mechanisms, and procedures in formulating policies to ensure easy-to-understand DepEd issuances. Lastly, it shall strengthen the communication channels of fields offices and facilitate the flow of information.

II. Scope of the Policy

This DepEd Order provides the DepEd operating units from the CO, regional offices (ROs), schools division offices (SDOs), and the public schools with copies of DMOS with standard style and grammar usage, and unique styles pertaining to this Department.

III. Definition of Terms

- 1. For the purpose of this Order, the following terms are defined as follows:
 - a. **Advisory** is an issuance containing information on events, scholarships, training opportunities for teachers and students conducted by non-DepEd organizations or agencies, which does not endorse any education-related activity of public stakeholders and private entities, organizations, institutions, or companies. It does not serve as an authority for interested DepEd nonteaching and teaching personnel to attend **on official business**.
 - b. **Communication** is an act or process of sending information to the DepEd officials, personnel, teachers and staff in the Department.
 - c. **DepEd Issuance** is an official document containing information, policies, or procedures signed by the DepEd Secretary or the authorized official. This is uploaded on www.deped.gov.ph for the information and compliance of the concerned public.
 - d. **DepEd Order** is an issuance confined to announcement of policies or of matters which are of general and reasonably permanent in nature.
 - e. **DepEd Memorandum** is an issuance containing instructions or information, which are temporary in nature.
 - f. **House Style** pertains to the unique house style, which include common usage within the Department.
 - g. **Manual of Style** is a set of standards for the writing and design of documents, either for general use or for a specific publication of the Department.
 - h. **Memorandum with limited applications** (circulation) is an issuance similar to DM but limited in scope and concerns only a few regions or offices.
 - i. **Office Memorandum** is an issuance similar to DepEd Memorandum (DM) but concerns only DepEd Central Office (CO) personnel and staff.
 - j. Office Order is an issuance similar to DepEd Order but contains policies or instructions confined only to DepEd CO personnel and staff.
 - k. **Publication** refers to DepEd official issuances containing official information, rules and regulations and other reading materials for dissemination to the concerned public.

IV. Policy Statement

1. The Department of Education aims to inculcate a culture of excellence in its delivery of quality, accessible, relevant and liberating education for the Filipino learners. To achieve this, all the officials and personnel from the central down to the regional, division, and school levels are encouraged to actively take part in promoting the use of DMOS. This will not only establish DepEd credibility, but also institute and convey a unified DepEd identity to its partners and stakeholders, and the public.

V. Funding

- 1. Funding of this project at the national level shall be charged to Education Information and Communication Services (EICS) Funds, subject to the usual accounting and auditing rules and regulations.
- 2. At the regional, schools divison, and school levels, funding sources of funds shall be charged to local funds, subject to usual accounting and auditing rules and regulations.

VI. Procedures, Roles and Responsibilities

This section provides the procedures and defines the roles and responsibilities of the officials, officers and personnel involved in DepEd issuances (DIs) and official documents preparation from the central to the regional, schools division offices, and public schools.

The Implementation on the Use of DMOS is found on the Annex A to this Enclosure.

Central Office

- 1. The PAS-PD Editorial Staff shall
 - a. revise the DMOS based on the new DepEd House Style and Formatting Standards approved by the Secretary of Education;
 - b. update the latest edition of the DMOS based on the new development in the Chicago Manual of Style;
 - c. set and implement standards and guidelines on styling and formatting of DepEd issuances (DIs) based on the principles, standards and rules;
 - d. provide technical assistance on styling and formatting of DepEd issuances (DIs) to Central Office operating units, and field offices upon request;
 - e. conduct the National Orientation and Workshop on the Use of DMOS (NOWU-DMOS) for regional information officers (RIOs), division information officers (DIOs), and other personnel involved in preparation of DIs and other official documents from the regional and schools division offices;
 - f. provide the NOWU-DMOS participants with hard and PDF copies of the Manual; and
 - g. seek assistance from the Bureau of Human Resource and Organziation Development on crafting the training design for the NOWU-DMOS.

Regional Office

- 2. The RIOs of Public Affairs Unit (PAU) at the regional level shall
 - actively participate and develop an action plan during the NOWU-DMOS;
 - b. share with other PAU personnel the regional action plan for the conduct of the Regional Orientation and Workshop on the Use of the DMOS (ROWU-DMOS):
 - a. organize core teams composed of administrative officers and personnel who are actively involved during the NOWU-DMOS;
 - b. act as coach to core teams who will faciltate sessions during the ROWU-DMOS;
 - c. provide each participant with DMOS in PDF copy before the start of the ROWU-DMOS and
 - d. design workshop activities for those officers and personnel involved in the preparation of regional issuances and official documents.
 - e. organize a monitoring and evaluation core team members who will monitor and evaluate the implementation of DMOS in their workplaces;
 - f. seek resource person to discuss principles, standards, and rules contained DMOS;
 - g. organize core group leaders (CGLs) who will mentor their core group members (CGMs) who missed the orientation and workshop;
 - h. orient the CGLs on the use of the DMOS, together with the Monitoring and Content Evaluation (M&CE) Form found as Annex to this enclosure; and

i. get the CGs time schedule for the conduct the Focus Group Discussions (FGDs) based on their agreed schedule.

Schools Division Office

- 3. At the schools division level, officers or personnel designated as DIOs who are involved in document preparations, and who have attended Orientation and Workshops shall
 - a. organize their Division Core Groups (DCGs) composed of those who were not able participate in any orientation and workshop on the use of DMOS;
 - b. organize their Division Core Group Members (DCGMs) composed of personnel who were not able to attend any orientation-workshop; They shall orient their CGMs through FGDs based on their agreed schedule;
 - c. use the DMOS with the Monitoring and Evaluation Form (DMOS M&E Form);
 - d. evaluate and share their learning experiences after their sessions on FGDs; and
 - e. gather the responses to DMOS M&E accomplished Forms, and consolidate them before submitting these to their RIOs who will submit the regional M&E results to PAS-PD through pas.pd @deped.gov.ph.

VII. Principles on DepEd Issuances and Official Documents Preparation

The PAS-PD Editorial Staff shall implement the following principles in formatting and styling the draft DepEd issuances requested by CO operating units to achieve easy-to-understand official documents for the Secretary's signature:

- a. **Clarity**. The provisions of the DIs should be clear and simple.
- b. **Conciseness**. They should be short and direct to the point.
- c. **Completeness**. They shall contain complete and necessary information, rules and regulations.
- d. **Concreteness**. There should be no vague terms and language, idiomatic expressions, and figures of speech.
- e. **Consistency**. The provisions or items should be consistent in spelling, grammar, punctuation, hyphenation, capitalization, typeface, and abbreviation.
- f. **Coherence**. The provisions or language items should follow a logical sequence in the DIs; and
- g. **Courtesy**. The DIs should also contain polite and courteous terms, which build goodwill.

VIII. Monitoring and Evaluation

The Monitoring and Evaluation on the Use of the DMOS includes the mechanisms, time frame, and other provisions for progress monitoring and policy evaluation.

- 1. At the Central Office, the Publications Division with technical assistance from the PS-PRDD shall
 - a. determine the purpose and scope to be monitored and evaluated;
 - b. identify the target groups to be monitored;
 - c. schedule the nationwide monitoring and evaluation activities yearly and quarterly; and
 - d. identify data to be collected, personnel responsible in data collection during monitoring, schedule of data collection, and the frequency of data collection.

- 2. At the Regional Office (RO) Level, the RIOs shall
 - a. develop their regional action plan for the monitoring and evaluation activities, include the schedule for prior and post use of the Department of Education Manual of Style Monitoring and Evaluation (DMOS-M&E) Form in the action plan during the conduct of their ROWU-DMOS;
 - b. familiarize themselves, together with the members of their delegations, on the contents of the DMOS-M&E Form found in Annex B;
 - c. use this Form during the leveling of expectations to establish their prior knowledge, and before the closing program during the NOWU-DMOS to identify their learning gains;
 - d. choose the Core Group Leaders (CGLs) among their regional delegates corresponding to the number of their SDOs;
 - e. instruct the CGLs to organize their Core Group Members (CGMs) whose functions involve the preparation of official documents, and other materials for communications and publications;
 - f. coach the CGLs on how to use this Form before and after their agreed schedule for Focus Group Discussions (FGDs) on all the principles, standards, and rules contained in DMOS;
 - g. help their CGLs compare their prior knowledge, and learning gains as they progress in their sessions through FGDs, coaching, and mentoring activities during the ROWU-DMOS;

3. At the Schools Division Office (SDO) Level, the DIOs shall

- a. request an e-copy in PDF of the DMOS by sending a request letter addressed to pas.pd@deped.gov.ph for instructions to copy of the DMOS for their CGMs;
- b. explain the use of DMOS-M&E Form before and after conducting the FGDs in their workplaces in Annex B;
- c. provide their CGMs (superviors of public school districts, and representatives from public schools) PDF copy of DMOS and agreed schedule for FDGs to understand the principles, standards, rules on styling and formatting contained in DMOS;
- d. conduct FGDs on the standards of effective writing on Page 1, Rules 1-69 on Pages 1-69, and Appendixes 1-7 on Pages 40-81;
- e. administer the M&E Form in Annex B during their first and last sessions of FGDs;
- f. consolidate the results and submit an official report in hard and soft copies, certified by their respective RIOs through paspd @deped.gov.ph;
- g. include in their Monitoring and Evaluation Report the (i) names of the CGMs, (ii) positions, (iii) functions, (iv) contact numbers, (v) significant learning experiences and challenges throughout their entire FGDs, coaching and mentoring sessions; (vi) numbers of FGDs conducted; (vii) number of hours spent on each FGD session; and (viii) number of M&E orientation conducted, including the use of the monitoring mechanism, time frame, and other progress monitoring and evaluation activities.

IX. References

The following references are used to support the aforementioned guidelines:

- 1. RA 9155, Chapter 1: Governance of Basic Education, Section 5. Principles of Shared Governance, (a), (b), (c), and (d), and Section 7. A. National Level,
 - (1) Formulating a national basic educational policies, and (3) Promulgating national educational standards;
- 2. DepEd Order No. 13, s. 2015 (Establishment of a Policy Development Process at the Department of Education);
- 3. The Department of Education, Culture and Sports (DECS). 2000. Bureau of Elementary Education (BEE) Stylebook. Paisg City: DECS;
- 4. Presidential Communications Development and Strategic Planning Office, Malacanang Palace. 2012;
- 5. University of Chicago. Chicago Manual of Style, 17th ed. Chicago, IL.: University of Chicago;
- 6. Office Order dated December 18, 2002 (Revised Guidelines in the Preparation of DepEd Issuances;
- 7. DepEd Order No. 36, s. 2013 (Our Department of Education Vision, Mission and Core Values); and
- 8. Style Manual for the Executive Department Presidential Communications Development and Strategic Planning Office.

X. Effectivity

This Manual shall take effect upon its approval, and its registration with the Office of the National Administrative Register (ONAR) at the University of the Philippines (UP) Law Center, UP Diliman, Quezon City.

- 1. Violation of any provisions in this Order shall be dealt with administratively.
- 2. Immediate dissemination of and compliance of this Order is directed.

LEONOR MAGTOLIS BRIONES

Secretary